

Modification Form for Permit BIO-UWO-0017

Permit Holder: Dale Laird

Approved Personnel

(Please stroke out any personnel to be removed)

Jamie Simek

Cindy Pan

~~Katharine Toth~~

~~Steve Getetti~~

Ruchi Bhalla

Jared Churko

~~Kyle Cowan~~

Silvia Peneula

Stephanie Langlois

Isabelle Plante

Xiang-Qun Gong

Cindy Shao

Jennifer Siu

*Leave
on
list
JZ.*

Additional Personnel

(Please list additional personnel here)

JACK LEE

ROBERT LORENTZ

JASON MARTIN

* PLEASE ATTACH A MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET OR EQUIVALENT FOR NEW BIOHAZARDS.

** PLEASE ATTACH A BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE WORK THAT EXPLAINS THE BIOHAZARDS USED AND HOW THEY WILL BE USED.

Classification: 2

Date of last Biohazardous Agents Registry Form: Mar 27, 2009

Signature of Permit Holder: _____

BioSafety Officer(s): _____

Chair, Biohazards Subcommittee: _____

Modification Form for Permit BIO-UWO-0017

Permit Holder: Dale Laird

	Please stroke out any approved Biohazards to be removed below	Write additional Biohazards for approval below. *
Approved Microorganisms	E. coli DH5 alpha, JM109	
Approved Cells	Human (primary), skin biopsies, Rodent (primary), transgenic alpha mutant mouse, Human (established), HELA, 293T, 293 Hek, Tumour cell lines, Rodent (established), Keratinocytes, NRK BiCR, MIRK, N2A,	B16-F6 B16-F10
Approved Use of Human Source Material	Human blood (whole), Human tissues (unpreserved), Human tissues (preserved), ODDD Patients and relatives	
Approved GMO	JM109, T-EASY, PcDNA3, pEGFP, retrovirus AP-2, SV 40 Large T antigen, HEK, E1A oncogenes, HeLa	PGFP-U-RS VECTOR
Approved use of Animals	mice	
Approved Toxin(s)		

New cells to be used for connexin and pannexin studies. New vectors to be used to silence Panx1. Additional Biohazards are level 1.

* PLEASE ATTACH A MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET OR EQUIVALENT FOR NEW BIOHAZARDS.

** PLEASE ATTACH A BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE WORK THAT EXPLAINS THE BIOHAZARDS USED AND HOW THEY WILL BE USED.

Classification: 2

Date of last Biohazardous Agents Registry Form: Mar 27, 2009

Signature of Permit Holder: 

BioSafety Officer(s): _____

Chair, Biohazards Subcommittee: _____

HuSH shRNA Plasmid, pGFP-V-RS

pGFP-V-RS shRNA Cloning Plasmid Catalog # TR30007

Product Description:

- Plasmid vector for cloning shRNA expression cassettes
- Designed for long term gene silencing studies
- Kanamycin (25ug/ml) and Puromycin resistance markers for easy selection of transformed or transfected cells
- U6 polymerase III promoter for shRNA expression
- MMLV LTR sequences for packaging into retroviral particles
- EcoRI and HindIII sites convenient for shuttling existing HuSH cassettes

Content: Each vial contains 5 ug of dried and purified plasmid DNA.

Storage and Stability: The plasmid is stable for at least 1 yr at -20°C from the date of shipment.

Guarantee: This product is guaranteed for the correct sequences and listed functions.

Related Products: Specific HuSH constructs are available at OriGene covering the full human, mouse and rat genomes.

Quality Control Assays

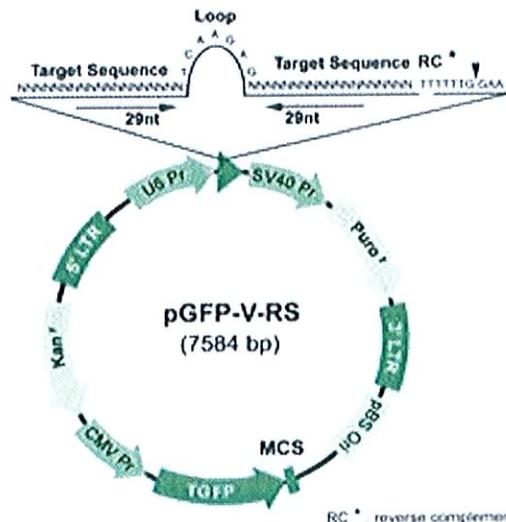
DNA Quantitation: The concentration of the purified plasmid was determined at OD_{260} by a UV spectrometer.

DNA Sequence Analysis: The final purified plasmid was sequenced to confirm its identity.

Functional Analysis:

1. Cloning: the pGFP-V-RS plasmid was digested with BamHI and HindIII and the digested fragment isolated. Multiple shRNA expression cassettes were cloned into this plasmid.
2. Inhibition of target gene: shRNA constructs cloned into pGFP-V-RS were verified for inhibition of target genes.
3. Stable cell lines: pGFP-V-RS was verified to generate stable cell lines using direct transfection.

Figure 1: Map of shRNA Cloning Vector pGFP-V-RS



Terms of Use

By opening the use the product, the purchaser agrees not to distribute, resell, modify for resale or use to manufacture commercial products without prior written approval from OriGene Technologies, Inc. If you do not agree with these conditions, please return product to OriGene for a full refund.



Search Catalog

Select a Category

Go


[Login](#) [Search Options](#)
[About](#) | [Cultures and Products](#) | [Science](#) | [Standards](#) | [Deposit Services](#) | [Custom Services](#) | [Product Use Policy](#)
[ATCC Advanced Catalog Search](#) » [Product Details](#)

Product Description

Before submitting an order you will be asked to read and accept the terms and conditions of ATCC's [Material Transfer Agreement](#) or, in certain cases, an MTA specified by the depositing institution.

Customers in Europe, Australia, Canada, China, Hong Kong, India, Japan, Korea, Macau, Mexico, New Zealand, Singapore, and Taiwan, R.O.C. must contact a [local distributor](#) for pricing information and to place an order for ATCC cultures and products.

[Print this Page](#)

Cell Biology

ATCC® Number: CRL-6475™
Price: \$264.00

Designations: B16-F10

Biosafety Level: 1

Shipped: frozen

Medium & Serum: [See Propagation](#)

Growth Properties: adherent

Organism: *Mus musculus* (mouse)

Morphology: melanocyte



Source: **Organ:** skin
Strain: C57BL/6J
Disease: melanoma

Permits/Forms: In addition to the [MTA](#) mentioned above, other [ATCC and/or regulatory permits](#) may be required for the transfer of this ATCC material. Anyone purchasing ATCC material is ultimately responsible for obtaining the permits. Please [click here](#) for information regarding the specific requirements for shipment to your location.

Applications: transfection host ([technology from amaxa](#))

Propagation: **ATCC complete growth medium:** The base medium for this cell line is ATCC-formulated Dulbecco's Modified Eagle's Medium, Catalog No. 30-2002. To make the complete growth medium, add the following components to the base medium: fetal bovine serum to a final concentration of 10%.

Temperature: 37.0°C

Atmosphere: air, 95%; carbon dioxide (CO2), 5%

Subculturing:

Related Links ▶

[NCBI Entrez Search](#)
[Cell Micrograph](#)
[Make a Deposit](#)
[Frequently Asked Questions](#)
[Material Transfer Agreement](#)
[Technical Support](#)
[Related Cell Culture Products](#)

Protocol:

1. Remove and discard culture medium.
2. Briefly rinse the cell layer with 0.25% (w/v) Trypsin- 0.53 mM EDTA solution to remove all traces of serum that contains trypsin inhibitor.
3. Add 2.0 to 3.0 ml of Trypsin-EDTA solution to flask and observe cells under an inverted microscope until cell layer is dispersed (usually within 5 to 15 minutes).
Note: To avoid clumping do not agitate the cells by hitting or shaking the flask while waiting for the cells to detach. Cells that are difficult to detach may be placed at 37°C to facilitate dispersal.
4. Add 6.0 to 8.0 ml of complete growth medium and aspirate cells by gently pipetting.
5. Add appropriate aliquots of the cell suspension to new culture vessels.
6. Incubate cultures at 37°C.

Subcultivation Ratio: A subcultivation ratio of 1:10 is recommended

Medium Renewal: Every 2 to 3 days

Preservation: **Freeze medium:** culture medium, 95%; DMSO, 5%

Storage temperature: liquid nitrogen vapor phase

Related Products: Recommended medium (without the additional supplements or serum described under ATCC Medium): [ATCC 30-2002](#)
recommended serum: [ATCC 30-2020](#)

References: 22151: Fidler IJ. Biological behavior of malignant melanoma cells correlated to their survival in vivo. *Cancer Res.* 35: 218-224, 1975. PubMed: [1109790](#)
22191: Fidler IJ, et al. Tumoricidal properties of mouse macrophages activated with mediators from rat lymphocytes stimulated with concanavalin A. *Cancer Res.* 36: 3608-3615, 1976. PubMed: [953987](#)
22192: Fidler IJ, Bucana C. Mechanism of tumor cell resistance to lysis by syngeneic lymphocytes. *Cancer Res.* 37: 3945-3956, 1977. PubMed: [908034](#)
22243: Fidler IJ, Kripke ML. Metastasis results from preexisting variant cells within a malignant tumor. *Science* 197: 893-895, 1977. PubMed: [887927](#)
23224: Briles EB, Kornfeld S. Isolation and metastatic properties of detachment variants of B16 melanoma cells. *J. Natl. Cancer Inst.* 60: 1217-1222, 1978. PubMed: [418183](#)
23362: . . *Nat. New Biol.* 242: 148-149, 1973.

[Return to Top](#)

Notices and Disclaimers

ATCC products are intended for laboratory research purposes only, unless noted otherwise. They are not intended for use in humans.

While ATCC uses reasonable efforts to include accurate and up-to-date information on this site, ATCC makes no warranties or representations as to its accuracy. Citations from scientific literature and patents are provided for informational purposes only. ATCC does not warrant that such information has been confirmed to be accurate.

All prices are listed in U.S. dollars and are subject to change without notice. A discount off the current list price will be applied to most cultures for nonprofit institutions in the United States. Cultures that are ordered as test tubes or flasks will carry an additional laboratory fee. Fees for permits, shipping, and handling may apply.

[Back to my Search](#)

[Login](#) ► To customize your ATCC web experience: [Create a Profile](#)

Site Search

Go

[Home](#) | [Site Map](#) | [FAQ](#) | [Privacy Policy](#) | [Careers](#) | [Contact Us](#)

© 2009 ATCC. All Rights Reserved.



Search Catalog

Select a Category

Go


[Login](#) [Search Options](#)
[About](#) | [Cultures and Products](#) | [Science](#) | [Standards](#) | [Deposit Services](#) | [Custom Services](#) | [Product Use Policy](#)
[ATCC Advanced Catalog Search](#) » [Product Details](#)

Product Description

Before submitting an order you will be asked to read and accept the terms and conditions of ATCC's [Material Transfer Agreement](#) or, in certain cases, an MTA specified by the depositing institution.

Customers in Europe, Australia, Canada, China, Hong Kong, India, Japan, Korea, Macau, Mexico, New Zealand, Singapore, and Taiwan, R.O.C. must contact a [local distributor](#) for pricing information and to place an order for ATCC cultures and products.

[Print this Page](#)

Cell Biology

ATCC® Number: CRL-6322™
Price: \$318.00

Designations: B16-F0

Related Links ▶
Biosafety Level: 1

[NCBI Entrez Search](#)
Shipped: frozen

[Make a Deposit](#)
Medium & Serum: [See Propagation](#)
[Frequently Asked Questions](#)
Growth Properties: adherent

[Material Transfer Agreement](#)
Organism: *Mus musculus* (mouse)

[Technical Support](#)
Morphology: Spindle shaped

[Related Cell Culture Products](#)
Source: **Organ:** skin
Strain: C57BL/6J
Disease: melanoma

Permits/Forms: In addition to the [MTA](#) mentioned above, other [ATCC and/or regulatory permits](#) may be required for the transfer of this ATCC material. Anyone purchasing ATCC material is ultimately responsible for obtaining the permits. Please [click here](#) for information regarding the specific requirements for shipment to your location.

Applications: transfection host ([Roche FuGENE® Transfection Reagents technology from amaxa](#))

Tumorigenic: Yes

Propagation: **ATCC complete growth medium:** The base medium for this cell line is ATCC-formulated Dulbecco's Modified Eagle's Medium, Catalog No. 30-2002. To make the complete growth medium, add the following components to the base medium: fetal bovine serum to a final concentration of 10%.
Atmosphere: air, 95%; carbon dioxide (CO₂), 5%
Temperature: 37.0°C

Subculturing:

Protocol:

1. Remove and discard culture medium.
2. Briefly rinse the cell layer with 0.25% (w/v) Trypsin- 0.53 mM EDTA solution to remove all traces of serum that contains trypsin inhibitor.
3. Add 2.0 to 3.0 ml of Trypsin-EDTA solution to flask and observe cells under an inverted microscope until cell layer is dispersed (usually within 5 to 15 minutes).
Note: To avoid clumping do not agitate the cells by hitting or shaking the flask while waiting for the cells to detach. Cells that are difficult to detach may be placed at 37°C to facilitate dispersal.
4. Add 6.0 to 8.0 ml of complete growth medium and aspirate cells by gently pipetting.
5. Add appropriate aliquots of the cell suspension to new culture vessels.
6. Incubate cultures at 37°C.

Subcultivation Ratio: A subcultivation ratio of 1:4 to 1:10 is recommended

Medium Renewal: Every 2 to 3 days

Preservation:

Freeze medium: Complete growth medium 95%; DMSO, 5%

Storage temperature: liquid nitrogen vapor phase

Related Products:

Recommended medium (without the additional supplements or serum described under ATCC Medium): [ATCC 30-2002](#)
recommended serum: [ATCC 30-2020](#)

References:

22151: Fidler IJ. Biological behavior of malignant melanoma cells correlated to their survival in vivo. *Cancer Res.* 35: 218-224, 1975. PubMed: [1109790](#)
22191: Fidler IJ, et al. Tumoricidal properties of mouse macrophages activated with mediators from rat lymphocytes stimulated with concanavalin A. *Cancer Res.* 36: 3608-3615, 1976. PubMed: [953987](#)
22192: Fidler IJ, Bucana C. Mechanism of tumor cell resistance to lysis by syngeneic lymphocytes. *Cancer Res.* 37: 3945-3956, 1977. PubMed: [908034](#)
22243: Fidler IJ, Kripke ML. Metastasis results from preexisting variant cells within a malignant tumor. *Science* 197: 893-895, 1977. PubMed: [887927](#)
22424: Fidler IJ. Immune stimulation-inhibition of experimental cancer metastasis. *Cancer Res.* 34: 491-498, 1974. PubMed: [4812256](#)
23224: Briles EB, Kornfeld S. Isolation and metastatic properties of detachment variants of B16 melanoma cells. *J. Natl. Cancer Inst.* 60: 1217-1222, 1978. PubMed: [418183](#)
23362: . . *Nat. New Biol.* 242: 148-149, 1973.

[Return to Top](#)

Notices and Disclaimers

ATCC products are intended for laboratory research purposes only, unless noted otherwise. They are not intended for use in humans.

While ATCC uses reasonable efforts to include accurate and up-to-date information on this site, ATCC makes no warranties or representations as to its accuracy. Citations from scientific literature and patents are provided for informational purposes only. ATCC does not warrant that such information has been confirmed to be accurate.

All prices are listed in U.S. dollars and are subject to change without notice. A discount off the current list price will be applied to most cultures for nonprofit institutions in the United States. Cultures that are ordered as test tubes or flasks will carry an additional laboratory fee. Fees for permits, shipping, and handling may apply.

[Back to my Search](#)

[Login](#) ▶ To customize your ATCC web experience: [Create a Profile](#)

Site Search

Go

[Home](#) | [Site Map](#) | [FAQ](#) | [Privacy Policy](#) | [Careers](#) | [Contact Us](#)

© 2009 ATCC. All Rights Reserved.

**THE UNIVERSITY OF WESTERN ONTARIO
 BIOHAZARDOUS AGENTS REGISTRY FORM**
 Approved Biohazards Subcommittee: November 21, 2008
 Biosafety Website: www.uwo.ca/humanresources/biosafety/

This form must be completed by each Principal Investigator holding a grant administered by the University of Western Ontario or in charge of a laboratory/facility where the use of Level 1, 2 or 3 biohazardous agents is described in the laboratory or animal work proposed. The form must also be completed if any work is proposed involving animals carrying zoonotic agents infectious to humans or involving plants, fungi, or insects that require Health Canada (HC) or Canadian Food Inspection Agency (CFIA) permits.

This form must also be updated at least every 3 years or when there are changes to the biohazards being used.

Containment Levels will be established in accordance with Laboratory Biosafety Guidelines, 3rd edition, 2004, Health Canada (HC) or Containment Standards for Veterinary Facilities, 1st edition 1996, Canadian Food Inspection Agency (CFIA).

Completed forms are to be returned to Occupational Health and Safety, (OHS), (Support Services Building, Room 4190) for distribution to the Biohazard Subcommittee. For questions regarding this form, please contact the Biosafety Officer at extension 81135. If there are changes to the information on this form (excluding grant title and funding agencies), modifications must be submitted to Occupational Health and Safety. See website: www.uwo.ca/humanresources/biosafety/

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR DALE W. LAIRD
 SIGNATURE [Signature]
 DEPARTMENT ANATOMY & CELL BIOLOGY
 ADDRESS DSB 00077
 PHONE NUMBER x 86827
 EMAIL DALE.LAIRD@SCHULICH.UWO.CA

Location of experimental work to be carried out: Building(s) DSB Room(s) 00076 / 00070

*For work being performed at Institutions affiliated with the University of Western Ontario, the Safety Officer for the Institution where experiments will take place must sign the form prior to its being sent to Occupational Health and Safety (See Section 12.0, Approvals). For research being done at Lawson Health Research Institute, London Regional Cancer Program, Child and Parent Research Institute, or Robarts Research Institute, a University Biosafety Committee member can also sign as the Safety Officer for the Institution.

FUNDING AGENCY/AGENCIES: CIHR
 GRANT TITLE(S): CX43 MUTATIONS LINKED TO HUMAN DISEASE

PLEASE ATTACH A BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF YOUR WORK THAT EXPLAINS THE BIOHAZARDS USED AND HOW THEY WILL BE USED. PROJECTS SUBMITTED WITHOUT A SUMMARY WILL NOT BE REVIEWED.

Names of all personnel working under Principal Investigators supervision in this location:

<u>DR. QING (CINDY) SHAO</u>	<u>JARED CHURKO</u>
<u>DR. STEPHANIE LANGLOIS</u>	<u>RUCHI BHALLA</u>
<u>DR. SILVIA PENUBA</u>	<u>STAVIE CELETTI</u>
<u>DR. ISABELLE PLANT</u>	<u>KATHERINE TOYH</u>
<u>DR. GREGORY GOING</u>	<u>JENNIFER SIU</u>
<u>1.0 Microorganisms</u>	<u>JAMIE SIMEK</u>

Label: MDA/W.

CICR10 (parenting) Grant

CX334 mutations linked to human diseases

Intercellular gap junction channels allow the direct passage of small molecules and secondary messengers between most contacting cells in a multicellular animal. In a library of 21 Connexin (Cx) family members, at present 18 distinct genetic diseases arising from diverse neuronal localities to developmental disorders have been linked to gap junction mutations in the genes encoding connexins. Of data at 24 mutations in the GJA1 gene encoding the gap junction protein Cx43 have been linked to the human developmental disorder known as congenital deafness (OIDD). This is primarily autosomal dominant disease is typically characterized by syndactyly, y camptodactyly, craniofacial abnormalities, esophageal loss, incontinence and nystagmus. Given that Cx43 the predominant connexin expressed in ovary 35 distinct cell type it is remarkable that patients have moderate to severe defects in some organs while other organs appear to remain free of developmental abnormalities and diseases. Although any mutants are distributed on the cell surface of wild type Cx43 all mutants tested to date exhibit complete or substantial loss of function and dominant negative effects to coexpressed wild type Cx43 with respect to gap junctional intercellular communication (ICM) mechanistically, at least some of these mutants appear to act as dominant negative by direct cooligomerization with wild type Cx43 although the effect in invitro and in vivo on the coexpressed connexins remain unknown. Thus, a hypothesis that different OIDD-linked Cx43 mutants exhibit distinct cellular phenotypes and effects on coexpressed connexins manifesting in a loss of GJ and perceptible differentiation, ultimately yes all in a variable disease load.

Aim 1: Examine the functional status of gap junctions and their interactions of dominant and recessive OIDD-linked Cx43 mutants in the presence of wild type cells. In cells lacking endogenous OIDD patients. Dominant and recessive Cx43 mutants will be characterized with respect to (1) the ability to coexpress dominant and trans dominant defects to GJ and (2) their functional status. These parameters will be assessed in defined cell lines and primary cell cultures of OIDD-linked mutant mice that coexpress Cx43 or other connexins as previously coexpressed with Cx43 in vivo. FRET co-immunoprecipitation and pulse chase studies will be based to determine if the mutants establish direct interactions with coexpressed connexins and regulate the functional half-life of the expression, localization, phosphorylation status and turnover of Cx43 will be examined in biopsies and/or tissue biopsies obtained from a cohort of patients harboring Cx43 gene mutations.

Aim 2: Characterize a mouse model of OIDD that mimics the mouse mutation in differentiation in distinct regions of the body. The mouse model of OIDD linked mutants exhibit both similar and distinct phenotypes that reflect the diversity of symptoms observed in OIDD patients. Thus, a mouse model of OIDD linked mutants that harbor mutations of Cx43 will be based to determine if the mutants establish direct interactions with coexpressed connexins and regulate the functional half-life of the expression, localization, phosphorylation status and turnover of Cx43 will be examined in biopsies and/or tissue biopsies obtained from a cohort of patients harboring Cx43 gene mutations. The mouse model of OIDD linked mutants that harbor mutations of Cx43 will be based to determine if the mutants establish direct interactions with coexpressed connexins and regulate the functional half-life of the expression, localization, phosphorylation status and turnover of Cx43 will be examined in biopsies and/or tissue biopsies obtained from a cohort of patients harboring Cx43 gene mutations. The mouse model of OIDD linked mutants that harbor mutations of Cx43 will be based to determine if the mutants establish direct interactions with coexpressed connexins and regulate the functional half-life of the expression, localization, phosphorylation status and turnover of Cx43 will be examined in biopsies and/or tissue biopsies obtained from a cohort of patients harboring Cx43 gene mutations.

The studies will combine fluorescence microscopy expression of OIDD mutant connexins in cells of OIDD and control OIDD patient data to establish the genotype/phenotype relationship in the context of Cx43 in relation to differentiation and function.

1.1 Does your work involve the use of microorganisms or biological agents of plant or animal origin (including but not limited to viruses, prions, parasites, bacteria)? YES NO
 If no, please proceed to Section 2.0

Do you use microorganisms that require a permit from the CFIA? YES NO
 If YES, please give the name of the species. _____

What is the origin of the microorganism(s)? _____
 Please describe the risk (if any) of escape and how this will be mitigated:

Please attach the CFIA permit.
 Please describe any CFIA permit conditions:

1.2 Please complete the table below:

Name of Biological agent(s)*	Is it known to be a human pathogen? YES/NO	Is it known to be an animal pathogen? YES/NO	Is it known to be a zoonotic agent? YES/NO	Maximum quantity to be cultured at one time? (in Litres)	Source/ Supplier	Health Canada or CFIA Containment Level
DHS α E. coli	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	500 mL	INVI TROGISE	<input checked="" type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3
JM109	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	500 mL	PROMEGA	<input checked="" type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3
	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No			<input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3
	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No			<input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3

*Please attach a Material Safety Data Sheet or equivalent from the supplier.

2.0 Cell Culture

2.1 Does your work involve the use of cell cultures? YES NO
 If no, please proceed to Section 3.0

2.2 Please indicate the type of primary cells (i.e. derived from fresh tissue) that will be grown in culture in the table below

Cell Type	Is this cell type used in your work?	Source of Primary Cell Culture Tissue	AUS Protocol Number
Human	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	SKIN BIOPSIES	Not applicable
Rodent	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	TRANSGENIC & MUTANT MICE	2006-101
Non-human primate	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No		
Other (specify)	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No		

2.3 Please indicate the type of established cells that will be grown in culture in the table below.

Cell Type	Is this cell type used in your work?	Specific cell line(s)*	Supplier / Source
Human	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	HELA, 293T, 293 HEK TUMOR CELL LINES	ATCC
Rodent	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	KERATINO CYTES, NRK DICK-MIR, N2A	CLONTECH, ATCC VINCIA, HASCALL
Non-human primate	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No		
Other (specify)	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	MOCK	ATCC

*Please attach a Material Safety Data Sheet or equivalent from the supplier. (For more information, see www.atcc.org) *THESE ARE ALL STANDARD WELL USED CELL LINES*

2.4 For above named cell types(s) indicate HC or CFIA containment level required 1 2 3

3.0 Use of Human Source Materials

3.1 Does your work involve the use of human source materials? YES NO
If no, please proceed to Section 4.0

3.2 Indicate in the table below the Human Source Material to be used.

Human Source Material	Source/Supplier /Company Name	Is Human Source Material Known to Be Infected With An Infectious Agent? YES/NO	Name of Infectious Agent (If applicable)	HC or CFIA Containment Level (Select one)
Human Blood (whole) or other Body Fluid	<i>ODDD PATIENTS AND RELATIVES</i>	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No		<input type="radio"/> 1 <input checked="" type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3
Human Blood (fraction) or other Body Fluid		<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No		<input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3
Human Organs or Tissues (unpreserved)	<i>ODDD PATIENTS AND RELATIVES</i>	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No		<input type="radio"/> 1 <input checked="" type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3
Human Organs or Tissues (preserved)	<i>ODDD PATIENTS AND RELATIVES</i>	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No		<input checked="" type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3

4.0 Genetically Modified Organisms and Cell lines

4.1 Will genetic modifications be made to the microorganisms, biological agents, or cells described in Sections 1.0 and 2.0? YES NO If no, please proceed to Section 5.0

4.2 Will genetic modification(s) involving plasmids be done? YES, complete table below NO

Bacteria Used for Cloning*	Plasmid(s)*	Source of Plasmid	Gene Transfected	Describe the change that results
<i>SM109</i>	<i>T-EASY pCDNA3(+)(-) pEGFP</i>	<i>PROMEGA INVITROGEN CLONTECH</i>	<i>CONNEXIN GENES PANXIN GENES</i>	<i>CELL LINES EXPRESSING PLASMIDS TEND TO GROW SLOWER AND FORM CELL-CELL OR CELL CHANNELS.</i>

* Please attach a Material Data Sheet or equivalent if available.

4.3 Will genetic modification(s) involving viral vectors be done? YES, complete table below NO

Virus Used for Transduction *	Vector(s) *	Source of Vector	Gene Transfected	Describe the change that results
RETROVIRUS	AP-2	DR. J. GAZDAR MCGILL UNIVERSITY	CONNEXINS PANINEXINS	CELLS COMMUNICATE BETTER

* Please attach a Material Safety Data Sheet or equivalent.

SEE BIO-U40-0017 AS INFORMATION IS CURRENTLY ON RECORD WITH SAFETY OFFICE

4.4 Will genetic sequences from the following be involved?

- ◆ HIV YES, please specify _____ NO
- ◆ HTLV 1 or 2 or genes from any Level 1 or Level 2 pathogens YES, specify _____ NO
- ◆ SV 40 Large T antigen YES } HEK cells NO }
 YES } HeLa cells NO }
- ◆ E1A oncogene YES, please specify _____ NO
- ◆ Known oncogenes YES, please specify _____ NO
- ◆ Other human or animal pathogen and or their toxins YES, please specify _____ NO

4.5 Will virus be replication defective? YES NO

4.6 Will virus be infectious to humans or animals? YES NO

4.7 Will this be expected to increase the containment level required? YES NO

5.0 Human Gene Therapy Trials

5.1 Will human clinical trials be conducted using the viral vector in 4.0? YES NO
If no, please proceed to Section 6.0 If YES attach a full description of the make-up of the virus.

5.2 Will virus be able to replicate in the host? YES NO

5.3 How will the virus be administered? _____

5.4 Please give the Health Care Facility where the clinical trial will be conducted: _____

5.5 Has human ethics approval been obtained? YES, number: _____ NO PENDING

6.0 Animal Experiments

6.1 Will live animals be used? YES NO If no, please proceed to section 7.0

6.2 Name of animal species to be used MICE

6.3 AUS protocol # 2006-101

6.4 Will any of the agents listed be used in live animals YES, specify: _____ NO

10.0 Plants Requiring CFIA Permits

10.1 Do you use plants that require a permit from the CFIA? YES NO
If no, please proceed to Section 11.0

10.2 If YES, please give the name of the species. _____

10.3 What is the origin of the plant? _____

10.4 What is the form of the plant (seed, seedling, plant, tree...)? _____

10.5 What is your intention? Grow and maintain a crop "One-time" use

10.6 Do you do any modifications to the plant? YES NO
If yes, please describe: _____

10.7 Please describe the risk (if any) of loss of the material from the lab and how this will be mitigated:

10.8 Is the CFIA permit attached? YES NO

10.9 Please describe any CFIA permit conditions:

11.0 Import Requirements

11.1 Will any of the above agents be imported? YES, please give country of origin _____
If no, please proceed to Section 10.0 NO

11.2 Has an Import Permit been obtained from HC for human pathogens? YES NO

11.3 Has an import permit been obtained from CFIA for animal or plant pathogens? YES NO

11.4 Has the import permit been sent to OHS? YES, please provide permit # _____ NO

12.0 Training Requirements for Personnel Named on Form

All personnel named on the above form who will be using any of the above named agents are required to attend the following training courses given by OHS:

- ◆ Biosafety
- ◆ Laboratory and Environmental/Waste Management Safety
- ◆ WHMIS (Western or equivalent)
- ◆ Employee Health and Safety Orientation

As the Principal Investigator, I have ensured that all of the personnel named on the form who will be using any of the biohazardous agents in Sections 1.0 to 9.0 have been trained.

SIGNATURE _____

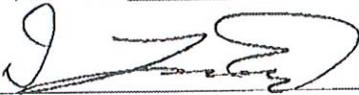
13.0 Containment Levels

11.1 For the work described in sections 1.0 to 9.0, please indicate the highest HC or CFIA Containment Level required. 1 2 3

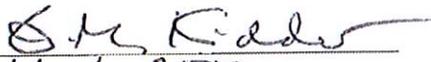
13.2 Has the facility been certified by OHS for this level of containment?
 YES, permit # if on-campus BIO-UWO-0017
 NO
 NOT REQUIRED

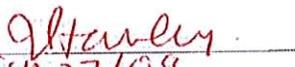
14.0 Procedures to be Followed

14.1 As the Principal Investigator, I will ensure that this project will follow the Western Biosafety Guidelines and Procedures Manual for Containment Level 1 & 2 Laboratories (and the Level 3 Facilities Manual for Level 3 projects). I will ensure that UWO faculty, staff and students working in my laboratory have an up-to-date Hazard Communication Form, found at <http://www.wph.uwo.ca/>

SIGNATURE  Date: March 4, 09

15.0 Approvals

UWO Biohazard Subcommittee: SIGNATURE: 
Date: 31 March 2009

Safety Officer for Institution where experiments will take place: SIGNATURE: 
Date: March 27/09

Safety Officer for University of Western Ontario (if different from above): SIGNATURE: _____
Date: _____

Approval Number: BIO-UWO-0017 Expiry Date (3 years from Approval): March 26, 2012

Special Conditions of Approval:

----- Original Message -----

Subject: questions

Date: Tue, 03 May 2005 09:17:07 -0400

From: Dale Laird <Dale.Laird@fmd.uwo.ca>

To: jstanle2@uwo.ca

CC: Cindy Shao <Cindy.Shao@fmd.uwo.ca>

Dear Jennifer, I apologize for the delay in responding to your questions and comments on my last Biohazardous Agents Registry Form. Your email was sent to dwlaird@uwo.ca instead of dale.laird@fmd.uwo.ca and got held back for some reason. I found 650 emails on my UWO account of which many were not forwarded to my FMD account (as they should be). Anyway here is the additional information you requested.

1. Section 4.3 - please note that HEK 293 contains E1A oncogene
Response: Thank you this is noted.

2. Section 4.5 -

Response: -The AP-2 retroviral vector is the main one we have been using for several years. The documentation, vector source and description was placed on file with the Safety office several years ago. See manuscript reference Galipeau et al., 1999, Cancer Research 59: 2384-2394. The 293GPG packaging cells which produce replication-defective virus are described in this same paper. The 293GPG packaging cells were originally described in Ory et al., Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 1996 Oct 15;93(21):11400-6. Both the AP-2 vector and packaging cells are from Dr. Jacques Galipeau in Montreal. The MTA for these cells and vectors were done in collaboration with Dr. Chris Naus several years ago.

-More recently we have obtained the pH1.1-QCX1H retroviral vector (from GenScript) for shRNA studies. See (Barton and Medzhitov, 2002, PNAS 99; 14943-14945). The HEK293 derived packaging cells produce replication-incompetent viral particles. (See AmphoPack293 from BD Biosciences).

3: Section 1.2 - confirm E. coli DH5alpha,
Response: -Yes this is the E.coli we use,

4: Section 6.0 - do you have an animal protocol?

Response: -The animal studies being performed in this study are in conjunction with the Co-Principle Applicants, Drs. Kidder and Dr. Bernier. Their animal protocols have been modified to include this new grant. I do not have a separate animal protocol.

5: Section 8.3 - description of lindane use:

Response: -Lindane is dissolved in DMSO at 50um and used as a gap junction channel inhibitor at a final concentration of 50nM.

I trust this answers all your questions. Again sorry for the delay.

Dale Laird

Dale W. Laird, Ph.D.
Professor
Canada Research Chair in Gap Junctions and Disease

5/26/2005 4:43 PM