



## 1.0 Microorganisms

1.1 Does your work involve the use of biological agents?  YES  NO  
 (non-pathogenic and pathogenic biological agents including but not limited to bacteria and other microorganisms, viruses, prions, parasites or pathogens of plant or animal origin)? If no, please proceed to Section 2.0

Do you use microorganisms that require a permit from the CFIA?  YES  NO

If YES, please give the name of the species. \_\_\_\_\_

What is the origin of the microorganism(s)? \_\_\_\_\_

Please describe the risk (if any) of escape and how this will be mitigated:

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Please attach the CFIA permit.

Please describe any CFIA permit conditions:

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1.2 Please complete the table below:

Name of Biological agent(s)*	Is it known to be a human pathogen? YES/NO	Is it known to be an animal pathogen? YES/NO	Is it known to be a zoonotic agent? YES/NO	Maximum quantity to be cultured at one time? (in Litres)	Source/ Supplier	PHAC or CFIA Containment Level
Non-pathogenic E. Coli strain W3110	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	10 <sup>8</sup> cells/L	ATCC/ Cedarlane Laboratories	<input checked="" type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 2+ <input type="radio"/> 3
	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No			<input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 2+ <input type="radio"/> 3
	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No			<input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 2+ <input type="radio"/> 3
	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No			<input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 2+ <input type="radio"/> 3

\*Please attach a Material Safety Data Sheet or equivalent from the supplier.

## 2.0 Cell Culture

2.1 Does your work involve the use of cell cultures?  YES  NO

If no, please proceed to Section 3.0

2.2 Please indicate the type of primary cells (i.e. derived from fresh tissue) that will be grown in culture:

Cell Type	Is this cell type used in your work?	Source of Primary Cell Culture Tissue	AUS Protocol Number
Human	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	Human umbilical vein endothelial cells	Not applicable
Rodent	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No		
Non-human primate	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No		

Other (specify)	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	Pig eyes	Not applicable
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No rodent / NHP cells → verified may 25

2.3 Please indicate the type of established cells that will be used in your work.

Cell Type	Is this cell type used in your work?	Species	Supplier
Human	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	Human umbilical vein endothelial cells	Cedarlane Laboratories (*a Lol of CHRP was submitted)
Rodent	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No		
Non-human primate	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No		
Other (specify)	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	Pig eyes	Ralph Bos Meats (*a Lol of CHRP was submitted)

\*Please attach a Material Safety Data Sheet or equivalent from the supplier. (For more information, see www.atcc.org)

2.4 For above named cell types(s) indicate PHAC or CFIA containment level required  1     2     2+     3

**3.0 Use of Human Source Materials**

3.1 Does your work involve the use of human source materials?     YES     NO  
 If no, please proceed to Section 4.0

3.2 Indicate in the table below the Human Source Material to be used.

Human Source Material	Source/Supplier /Company Name	Is Human Source Material Infected With An Infectious Agent? YES/NO	Name of Infectious Agent (If applicable)	PHAC or CFIA Containment Level (Select one)
Human Blood (whole) or other Body Fluid		<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Unknown		<input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 2+ <input type="radio"/> 3
Human Blood (fraction) or other Body Fluid		<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Unknown		<input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 2+ <input type="radio"/> 3
Human Organs or Tissues (unpreserved)		<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Unknown		<input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 2+ <input type="radio"/> 3
Human Organs or Tissues (preserved)		Not Applicable		Not Applicable

**4.0 Genetically Modified Organisms and Cell lines**

4.1 Will genetic modifications be made to the microorganisms, biological agents, or cells described in Sections 1.0 and 2.0?     YES     NO    If no, please proceed to Section 5.0

4.2 Will genetic modification(s) involving plasmids be done?     YES, complete table below     NO

Bacteria Used for Cloning *	Plasmid(s) *	Source of Plasmid	Gene Transfected	Describe the change that results

\* Please attach a Material Data Sheet or equivalent if available.

4.3 Will genetic modification(s) involving viral vectors be made?  YES, complete table below  NO

Virus Used for Vector Construction	Vector(s) *	Source of Vector	Gene(s) Transduced	Describe the change that results

\* Please attach a Material Safety Data Sheet or equivalent.

4.4 Will genetic sequences from the following be involved?

- ◆ HIV  YES, please specify \_\_\_\_\_  NO
- ◆ HTLV 1 or 2 or genes from any Level 1 or Level 2 pathogens  YES, specify \_\_\_\_\_  NO
- ◆ SV 40 Large T antigen  YES  NO
- ◆ E1A oncogene  YES  NO
- ◆ Known oncogenes  YES, please specify \_\_\_\_\_  NO
- ◆ Other human or animal pathogen and or their toxins  YES, please specify \_\_\_\_\_  NO

4.5 Will virus be replication defective?  YES  NO

4.6 Will virus be infectious to humans or animals?  YES  NO

4.7 Will this be expected to increase the containment level required?  YES  NO

## 5.0 Human Gene Therapy Trials

5.1 Will human clinical trials be conducted involving a biological agent?  YES  NO  
 (including but not limited to microorganisms, viruses, prions, parasites or pathogens of plant or animal origin)  
 If no, please proceed to Section 6.0

5.2 If YES, please specify which biological agent will be used: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Please attach a full description of the biological agent.

5.2 Will the biological agent be able to replicate in the host?  YES  NO

5.3 How will the biological agent be administered? \_\_\_\_\_

5.4 Please give the Health Care Facility where the clinical trial will be conducted: \_\_\_\_\_

5.5 Has human ethics approval been obtained?  YES, number: \_\_\_\_\_  NO  PENDING

## 6.0 Animal Experiments

6.1 Will live animals be used?  YES  NO If no, please proceed to section 7.0

6.2 Name of animal species to be used \_\_\_\_\_

6.3 AUS protocol # \_\_\_\_\_

6.4 Will any of the agents listed in section 4.0 be used in live animals  YES, specify: \_\_\_\_\_  NO

6.5 Will the agent(s) be shed by the animal:  YES  NO, please justify:  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

## 7.0 Use of Animal species with Zoonotic Hazards

7.1 Will any animals with zoonotic hazards or their organs, tissues, lavages or other body fluids including blood be used (see list below)?  YES  No If no, please proceed to section 8.0

7.2 Please specify the animal(s) used:

- ◆ Pound source dogs  YES  NO
- ◆ Pound source cats  YES  NO
- ◆ Cattle, sheep or goats  YES  NO
- ◆ Non-human primates  YES, please specify species \_\_\_\_\_  NO
- ◆ Wild caught animals  YES, please specify species & colony # \_\_\_\_\_  NO
- ◆ Birds  YES  NO
- ◆ Others (wild or domestic)  YES, please specify \_\_\_\_\_  NO

## 8.0 Biological Toxins

8.1 Will toxins of biological origin be used?  YES  NO If no, please proceed to Section 9.0

8.2 If YES, please name the toxin(s) \_\_\_\_\_  
Please attach information, such as a Material Safety Data Sheet, for the toxin(s) used.

8.3 What is the LD<sub>50</sub> (specify species) of the toxin \_\_\_\_\_

8.4 How much of the toxin is handled at one time\*? \_\_\_\_\_

8.5 How much of the toxin is stored\*? \_\_\_\_\_

8.6 Will any biological toxins be used in live animals?  YES, Please provide details: \_\_\_\_\_  NO

\*For information on biosecurity requirements, please see:

[http://www.uwo.ca/humanresources/docandform/docs/healthandsafety/biosafety/Biosecurity\\_Requirements.pdf](http://www.uwo.ca/humanresources/docandform/docs/healthandsafety/biosafety/Biosecurity_Requirements.pdf)

## 9.0 Insects

9.1 Do you use insects?  YES  NO If no, please proceed to Section 10.0

9.2 If YES, please give the name of the species. \_\_\_\_\_

9.3 What is the origin of the insect? \_\_\_\_\_

9.4 What is the life stage of the insect? \_\_\_\_\_

9.5 What is your intention?  Initiate and maintain colony, give location: \_\_\_\_\_  
 "One-time" use, give location: \_\_\_\_\_

9.6 Please describe the risk (if any) of escape and how this will be mitigated:

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

9.7 Do you use insects that require a permit from the CFIA permit?  YES  NO  
If YES, Please attach the CFIA permit & describe any CFIA permit conditions:

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

\* DESCRIPTION MUST BE ATTACHED TO THIS FORM OR PROJECT WILL NOT BE REVIEWED\*

**10.0 Plants**

10.1 Do you use plants?  YES  NO If no, please proceed to Section 11.0

10.2 If YES, please give the name of the species. \_\_\_\_\_

10.3 What is the origin of the plant? \_\_\_\_\_

10.4 What is the form of the plant (seed, seedling, plant, tree...)? \_\_\_\_\_

10.5 What is your intention?  Grow and maintain a crop  "One-time" use

10.6 Do you do any modifications to the plant?  YES  NO  
If yes, please describe: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

10.7 Please describe the risk (if any) of loss of the material from the lab and how this will be mitigated:  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

10.8 Is the CFIA permit attached?  YES  NO  
If YES, Please attach the CFIA permit & describe any CFIA permit conditions:  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**11.0 Import Requirements**

11.1 Will any of the above agents be imported?  YES, please give country of origin \_\_\_\_\_  NO  
If no, please proceed to Section 12.0

11.2 Has an Import Permit been obtained from HC for human pathogens?  YES  NO

11.3 Has an import permit been obtained from CFIA for animal or plant pathogens?  YES  NO

11.4 Has the import permit been sent to OHS?  YES, please provide permit # \_\_\_\_\_  NO

**12.0 Training Requirements for Personnel Named on Form**

All personnel named on the above form who will be using any of the above named agents are required to attend the following training courses given by OHS:

- ◆ Biosafety
- ◆ Laboratory and Environmental/Waste Management Safety
- ◆ WHMIS (Western or equivalent)
- ◆ Employee Health and Safety Orientation

As the Principal Investigator, I have ensured that all of the personnel named on the form who will be using any of the biohazardous agents in Sections 1.0 to 9.0 have been trained.

SIGNATURE \_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_



Jin Zhang (jzhang@eng.uwo.ca)

## Project 1 “development of magnetic nanocomposite-based device for detect and capture of microbial”

**Project Description:** Non-pathogenic *E. coli* cells used in this project to demonstrate the multifunctional nanocomposites films are able to capture the microbial in short period.

**Use:** The non-pathogenic *E. coli* will be grown for 24 hours in broth media at room temperature to obtain an approximately  $10^7$  cfu/mL. The cells are harvested by centrifugation (8000 rpm, 5 min) and further re-suspended in Phosphate Buffered Saline (PBS, 0.01 M, pH 7.4) buffer containing magnetic nanocomposites (1 mg/mL). After 10 times serially diluted into  $10^4$  cfu/mL, the solution of cells mixed with nanocomposites will be incubated in 20 min and 60 min, respectively. Samples will be separated from the solution by utilizing the magnetic confinement.

**Storage:** Store in original container in a cool, dry place. Use before expiration date printed on package.

The non-pathogenic *E. coli* is purchased from ATCC through the sale representative in Canada, Cedarlane labs (www.cedarlane labs.com)

The information of the product can be find as follows;

Link-

<http://www.atcc.org/ATCCAdvancedCatalogSearch/ProductDetails/tabid/452/Default.aspx?ATCCNum=35339&Template=bacteria>



[ATCC Advanced Catalog Search](#) > [Product Details](#)

### Product Description

Before submitting an order you will be asked to read and accept the terms and conditions of ATCC's [Material Transfer Agreement](#) or, in certain cases, an MTA specified by the depositing institution.

Customers in Europe, Australia, Canada, China, Hong Kong, India, Israel, Japan, Korea, Macau, Mexico, New Zealand, Singapore, and Taiwan, R.O.C. must contact a [local distributor](#) for pricing information and to place an order for ATCC cultures and products.

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### Bacteria

ATCC® Number: 35339™ [Order this Item](#) Price: \$255.00

Organism: *Escherichia coli* (Migula) Castellani and Chalmers

Designations: ECOR 20

Isolation: Steer, Bali

Depositor: H Ochman

History: ATCC<<<H Ochman<<<R. Milkman RM213(e)

Biosafety Level: 1

Shipped: freeze-dried

Growth Conditions: [ATCC medium3](#); Nutrient agar or nutrient broth  
Temperature: 37.0°C

Permits/Forms: In addition to the [MTA](#) mentioned above, other [ATCC and/or regulatory permits](#) may be required for the transfer of this ATCC material. Anyone purchasing ATCC material is ultimately responsible for obtaining the permits. Please [click here](#) for information regarding the specific requirements for shipment to your location.

Comments: reference strain [Q410](#)

References: Q410: Ochman H, Selander RK. Standard reference strains of *Escherichia coli* from natural populations. J. Bacteriol. 157: 890-893, 1984. PubMed: [8283324](#)

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The standard process is followed to storage and use of the product (standard process cited from [www.qiagen.com](http://www.qiagen.com))

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It is noted that E. coli strains can be stored for up to 1 year as stabs in soft agar. Stab cultures can be used to transport or send bacterial strains to other labs.

1. Prepare and autoclave 0.7% LB agar (standard LB medium containing 7 g/liter agar).
2. Cool the LB agar to below 50 °C (when you can hold it comfortably) and add the appropriate antibiotic(s). While still liquid, add 1 ml agar to a 2 ml screw-cap vial under sterile conditions, then leave to solidify. Vials of agar can be prepared in batches and stored at room temperature until required.
3. Using a sterile straight wire, pick a single colony from a freshly grown plate and stab it deep down into the soft agar several times.
4. Incubate the vial at 37 °C for 8-12 h leaving the cap slightly loose.
5. Seal the vial tightly and store in the dark, preferably at 4 °C.

Stab cultures will keep for approximately 12-18 months.

**Handling and Disposal Precautions:** The following standard precautions should be employed:

- A. Access to the laboratory is limited at the discretion of the laboratory director.
  - B. Lab personnel must wash their hands after they handle viable materials and animals, after removing gloves, and before leaving the laboratory or animal facility.
  - C. NO eating, drinking, smoking, handling contact lenses, applying cosmetics, etc. in the lab.
  - D. Do not store food in lab.
  - E. Never mouth pipette.
  - F. Sharps should be handled with extreme caution to avoid cuts or autoinoculation during use and disposal. Needles should not be bent, sheared, or recapped. The needle and syringe should be promptly placed in a puncture-resistant container and decontaminated, by autoclaving or incineration.
  - G. Minimize splashes and aerosols.
  - H. Dispose of solid wastes in orange bags, which are autoclaved and placed in a red biohazard bag for final disposal.
  - I. Materials to be decontaminated outside the lab must be placed in a durable leak proof container and secured for transport
  - J. Infectious or biohazardous materials must be transported in sealed primary container inside a sealed durable and leak proof secondary containment labeled with a biohazard sticker.
  - K. Decontaminate surfaces with 70% ethanol or 10% bleach (made fresh every two weeks) after a spill or when work is completed for the day.
  - L. Decontaminate cultures and liquid waste using a final concentration of 10% bleach or 70% ethanol for a minimum of 20 minutes.
- If working with a flame, be sure to keep any ethanol solutions away from the flame at all times.
- M. Ensure that laboratory personnel are trained, with signed copies of the safety protocol in the lab's safety manual.

### **3. Safety equipment.**

- A. Wear lab coats and gloves when working with bacterial cultures.
- B. Wear safety glasses when splashes sprays or aerosols can be expected.
- C. Dispose of contaminated gloves in Red biohazard bags/containers.
- E. No personal protective equipment (PPE) is to be worn outside of the lab.

## Project 2. “ Development of non-invasive lens sensor”

**Description:** An optical nanocomposite-based transducer incorporated with biopolymer lens materials is developed for monitoring glucose invasively.

**Use:** (1) The pig eye provided Ralph Bos Meats Inc. will be used as a tissue model to test the signal of the lens sensor. (2) HUVEC cell is going to be used to study the lens sensor's biocompatibility, HUVEC are human umbilical vein endothelial cells. Each vial of this product contains  $>5 \times 10^5$  cells that have been cryopreserved at the end of the primary culture stage in a medium containing 10% DMSO. During the culture period, no contamination by bacteria, yeast, or fungi was detected. Upon thawing, the cells are guaranteed to be  $>70\%$  viable (trypan blue), and to have a potential of  $>16$  population doublings when handled according to the directions provided in this document.

**Storage:** “Cryopreserved HUVEC should arrive frozen on dry ice. If the cells are not to be used immediately, the user should prepare a space for storage of the vial in the vapor phase of a liquid nitrogen freezer. While wearing protective eyewear, gloves, and a laboratory coat, remove the vial from its shipping container and place immediately in the liquid nitrogen freezer. Although the viability of cryopreserved cells decreases with time in storage, useful cultures can usually be established even after 2 years of storage at liquid nitrogen temperatures” –based on the information provided by the supplier.

### Procedure for Cell culturing and maintenance:

- The cell line samples can be purchased from ATCC, through Cederlane Labs.

### Starting Cell culturing:

- T-75cm flask are coated with 0.1% gelatine and left to coat for more than 1hr at 37°C .
- The gelatine is sucked out and 12mL of M-131 or similar endothelial media containing adequate Growth factors is added to the flasks.
- The frozen cell sample is thawed slightly in water bath and as quickly transferred into the T-75 flask containing the media and kept at 37°C incubator.
- The cells are observed for growth, and media is changed every two days. Old media is discarded and the cells are ideally washed with 10mL of Dulbecco's PBS solution and new media added to replace the removed old media.
- The procedure of changing media is continued till the cells have reached 80-85% confluency (where the cells cover almost the entire surface of the flask's inner surface ).
- Once confluent, the cells have 3 options:
  - a) Use the cells for experiment.
  - b) Split the cells and maintain the cell culture.
  - c) Freeze the cells (especially earlier passages) for future use.

### Splitting cells:

- T- 75cm flasks that are confluent can be split to two or more T 75 flasks depending upon the speed of growth in cells required(faster growth requires more cells /flask), whereas T150cm flasks of confluent cells can be split to three T-75cm flasks.
- The required T flask are coated with Gelatin (0.1%) and kept for incubation at 37°C for atleast 1 hour.
- Add media to the flasks after incubation and removal of gelatine.
- The 80%confluent plates are washed with PBS, and 3ml of Trypsin added to the flasks for detaching the cells. (T-150cm requires 4mL).Leave the plates in hood for 2-5 mins.
- Add 4mL of Trypsin Neutralizing solution and 7mL of Media.
- Scrap the cells from the flask using a cell scraper and as the cells+media volume is about 14ml, Divide the volume into the the flasks of the required number of coated flasks.
- The flasks are then observed under microscope and left to grown in the 37°C incubator.

**Disposal:** According to standard biohazard waste disposal procedures; autoclaving (steam sterilization) is generally the surest method of inactivating biological agents and should be used whenever possible. Liquid

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waste containers designed to withstand autoclaving temperatures must be used. Containers of liquid waste must be placed into a tray or pan of sufficient capacity to contain all liquid in the event of vessel failure or breakage inside the autoclave chamber.

**Other information**

All students and researchers in Dr. Zhang's lab are demanded to obtain the Biosafety Certificate.

A blue rectangular sticky note with rounded corners is positioned on the right side of the page. It contains the handwritten text "↑ training?" in black ink. The upward-pointing arrow is positioned to the left of the word "training", which is followed by a question mark.



Office of Biohazard Containment and Safety  
Science Branch, CFIA  
59 Camelot Drive, Ottawa, Ontario K1A 0Y9  
Tel: (613) 221-7068 Fax: (613) 228-6129  
Email: ImportZoopath@inspection.gc.ca

Bureau du confinement des biorisques et sécurité  
Direction générale des sciences, ACIA  
59 promenade Camelot, Ottawa, Ontario K1A 0Y9  
Tél: (613) 221-7068 Téléc: (613) 228-6129  
Courriel: ImportZoopath@inspection.gc.ca

October 20<sup>th</sup>, 2009

Ms. Shamila Survery / Mr. Michael Decosimo  
Cedarlane Laboratories Ltd  
4410 Paletta Court  
Burlington, Ontario L7L 5R2

By Facsimile: (289) 288-0020



**SUBJECT:** Importation of *Escherichia coli* strains

Dear Ms. Survery / Mr. Decosimo:

Our office received your query about the importation of *Escherichia coli* from the American Type Culture Collection (ATCC) located in Manassas, Virginia, United States. The following *Escherichia coli* strains are considered to be level 1 animal pathogens:

- 5K
- 58
- 58-161
- 679
- 1532
- AB284
- AB311
- AB1157
- AB1206
- AG1
- B
- BB4
- BD792
- BL21
- BL21 (DE3)
- BM25.8
- C
- C-1a
- C-3000
- C25
- C41 (DE3)
- C43 (DE3)
- C600
- Cavalli Hfr
- CIE85
- DH1
- DH10 GOLD
- DH10B
- DH5
- DH5-alpha
- DP50
- DY145
- DY380
- E11
- EJ183
- EL250
- EMG2
- EPI 300
- EZ10
- FDA Seattle 1946
- Fusion-Blue
- H1443
- HF4714
- HB101
- HS(PFAMP)R
- Hfr3000
- Hfr3000 X74
- HMS174
- J52
- J53
- JC3272
- JC7661
- JC9387
- JF1504
- JF1508
- JF1509
- JJ055
- JM83
- JM101
- JM109
- K12
- KC8
- KA802
- KAM32
- KAM33
- KAM43
- LE450
- LE451
- LE452
- MB408
- MBX1928
- MC1061
- MC4100 (MuLac)
- MG1655
- MM294
- MS101
- NC-7
- Nissle 1917
- One Shot STBL3
- OP50
- P678
- PA309
- PK-5
- PMC103
- PR13
- Rri
- RV308
- S17-1λ -PIR
- SCS1
- SMR10
- SOLR
- SuperchargeEZ10
- SURE
- TOP10
- TG1
- U5/41
- W208
- W945
- W1485
- W3104
- W3110
- WA704
- WP2
- X1854
- X2160T
- X2541
- X2547T
- XL1-BLUE
- XL1-BLUE-MRF
- XL0LR
- Y10
- Y1090 (1090)
- YN2980
- W3110
- WG1
- WG439
- WG443
- WG445

The Office of Biohazard Containment and Safety (BCS) of the Canadian Food Inspection Agency (CFIA) only issues import permits for microorganisms that are pathogenic to animals, or parts of microorganisms that are pathogenic to animals. As the products listed above are not considered pathogenic to animals, the Office of BCS does not have any regulatory requirements for their importation.

Please note that other legislation may apply. You may wish to contact the Public Health Agency of Canada's (PHAC) Office of Laboratory Security at (613) 957-1779.

Note: Microorganisms pathogenic to animals and veterinary biologics require an import permit from the CFIA.

Sincerely,

Cinthia Labrie  
Head, Animal Pathogen Importation Program  
Office of Biohazard Containment & Safety

# Info on Cell(s)

## Cell Biology

ATCC® Number: **CRL-1730™**  Price: **\$279.00**

Designations: HUV-EC-C

Biosafety Level: 1

Shipped: frozen

Medium & Serum: [See Propagation](#)

Growth Properties: adherent

Organism: *Homo sapiens* (human)  
endothelial

Morphology:



**Organ:** umbilical vein

**Tissue:** vascular endothelium

**Disease:** normal

**Cell Type:** endothelial

Source:

Cellular Products: factor VIII [23284]

In addition to the [MTA](#) mentioned above, other [ATCC and/or regulatory permits](#) may be required for the transfer of this ATCC material. Anyone purchasing ATCC material is ultimately responsible for obtaining the permits. Please [click here](#) for information regarding the specific requirements for shipment to your location.

Permits/Forms:

Applications: transfection host ([technology from amaxa](#))

Tumorigenic: No

Amelogenin: X

CSF1PO: 11,12

D13S317: 9,11

D16S539: 11,12

DNA Profile (STR): D5S818: 11,12

D7S820: 8,12

THO1: 6,9.3

TPOX: 8,11

vWA: 16

Cytogenetic  
Analysis:

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