

Jin Zhang (jzhang@eng.uwo.ca)

Project 1 “development of magnetic nanocomposite-based device for the detection and capture of microbial”

Project Description: The goal of this project is to develop a nanocomposite-based device to capture and detect the microbial in short period. Meanwhile, the device will act as antibiotics to kill (de-contaminate) bacteria.

Use: The non-pathogenic E.Coli will be grown for 24 hours in broth media at room temperature to obtain an approximately 10^7 cfu/mL. The cells are harvested by centrifugation (8000 rpm, 5 min) and further re-suspended in Phosphate Buffered Saline (PBS, 0.01 M, pH 7.4) buffer containing magnetic nanocomposites (1 mg/mL). After 10 times serially diluted into 10^4 cfu/mL, the solution of cells mixed with nanocomposites will be incubated in 20 min and 60 min, respectively. Samples will be separated from the solution by utilizing the magnetic confinement.

Storage: Store in original container in a cool, dry place. Use before expiration date printed on package.

The non-pathogenic E. coli is purchased from ATCC through the sale representative in Canada, Cedarlanelabs (www.cedarlanelabs.com)

The information of the product can be find as follows;

Link-

<http://www.atcc.org/ATCCAdvancedCatalogSearch/ProductDetails/tabid/452/Default.aspx?ATCCNum=35339&Template=bacteria>



See E-mail

[ATCC Advanced Catalog Search](#) » [Product Details](#)

Product Description

Before submitting an order you will be asked to read and accept the terms and conditions of ATCC's [Material Transfer Agreement](#) or, in certain cases, an MTA specified by the depositing institution.

Customers in Europe, Australia, Canada, China, Hong Kong, India, Israel, Japan, Korea, Macau, Mexico, New Zealand, Singapore, and Taiwan, R.O.C. must contact a [local distributor](#) for pricing information and to place an order for ATCC cultures and products.

[Print this Page](#)

Bacteria

ATCC® Number: 35339™ [Order this Item](#) Price: \$255.00

Organism: *Escherichia coli* (Migula) Castellani and Chalmers

Designations: ECOR 10

Isolation: Steer, Bali

Depositor: H. Cohnman

History: ATCC<<<-H. Cohnman<<-R. Miliutin RM21316)

Biosafety Level: 1

Shipped: freeze-dried

Growth Conditions: [ATCC medium3](#); Nutrient agar or nutrient broth
Temperature: 37.0°C

Permits/Forms: In addition to the MTA mentioned above, other [ATCC and/or regulatory permits](#) may be required for the transfer of this ATCC material. Anyone purchasing ATCC material is ultimately responsible for obtaining the permits. Please [click here](#) for information regarding the specific requirements for shipment to your location.

Comments: reference strain [D-510](#)

References: 9410; Cohnman H, Selander RK. Standard reference strains of *Escherichia coli* from natural populations. J. Bacteriol. 167: 600-603, 1984. PubMed: [9283264](#)

Related Links



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The standard process is followed to storage and use of the product (standard process cited from www.qiagen.com)

It is noted that *E. coli* strains can be stored for up to 1 year as stabs in soft agar. Stab cultures can be used to transport or send bacterial strains to other labs.

1. Prepare and autoclave 0.7% LB agar (standard LB medium containing 7 g/liter agar).
2. Cool the LB agar to below 50 °C (when people can hold it comfortably). Following that, 1 ml agar is added to a 2 ml screw-cap vial under sterile conditions, then leave to solidify. Vials of agar can be prepared in batches and stored at room temperature until required.
3. Using a sterile straight wire, pick a single colony from a freshly grown plate and stab it deep down into the soft agar several times.
4. Incubate the vial at 37 °C for 8-12 h leaving the cap slightly loose.
5. Seal the vial tightly and store in the dark, preferably at 4 °C.

Stab cultures will keep for approximately 12-18 months.

Handling and Disposal Precautions: The following standard precautions should be employed:

- A. Access to the laboratory is limited at the discretion of the laboratory director.
- B. Lab personnel must wash their hands after they handle viable materials and animals, after removing gloves, and before leaving the laboratory or animal facility.
- C. NO eating, drinking, smoking, handling contact lenses, applying cosmetics, etc. in the lab.
- D. Do not store food in lab.
- E. Never mouth pipette.
- F. Sharps should be handled with extreme caution to avoid cuts or autoinoculation during use and disposal. Needles should not be bent, sheared, or recapped. The needle and syringe should be promptly placed in a puncture-resistant container and decontaminated, by autoclaving or incineration.
- G. Minimize splashes and aerosols.
- H. Dispose of solid wastes in orange bags, which are autoclaved and placed in a red biohazard bag for final disposal.
- I. Materials to be decontaminated outside the lab must be placed in a durable leak proof container and secured for transport
- J. Infectious or bio-hazardous materials must be transported in sealed primary container inside a sealed durable and leak proof secondary containment labelled with a biohazard sticker.
- K. Decontaminate surfaces with 70% ethanol or 10% bleach (made fresh every two weeks) after a spill or when work is completed for the day.
- L. Decontaminate cultures and liquid waste using a final concentration of 10% bleach or 70% ethanol for a minimum of 20 minutes. If working with a flame, be sure to keep any ethanol solutions away from the flame at all times.
- M. Ensure that laboratory personnel are trained, with signed copies of the safety protocol in the lab's safety manual.

3. Safety equipment.

- A. Wear lab coats and gloves when working with bacterial cultures.
- B. Wear safety glasses when splashes sprays or aerosols can be expected.
- C. Dispose of contaminated gloves in Red biohazard bags/containers.
- E. No personal protective equipment (PPE) is to be worn outside of the lab.

Project 2. “ Development of non-invasive lens sensor”

Description: An optical nanocomposite-based transducer incorporated with biopolymer lens materials is developed for monitoring glucose invasively.

Use: (1) HUVEC cell is going to be used to study the lens sensor's biocompatibility, HUVEC are human umbilical vein endothelial cells. Each vial of this product contains $>5 \times 10^5$ cells that have been cryopreserved at the end of the primary culture stage in a medium containing 10% DMSO. During the culture period, no contamination by bacteria, yeast, or fungi was detected. Upon thawing, the cells are guaranteed to be $>70\%$ viable (trypan blue), and to have a potential of >16 population doublings when handled according to the directions provided in this document.

Storage: “Cryopreserved HUVEC should arrive frozen on dry ice. If the cells are not to be used immediately, the user should prepare a space for storage of the vial in the vapor phase of a liquid nitrogen freezer. While wearing protective eyewear, gloves, and a laboratory coat, remove the vial from its shipping container and place immediately in the liquid nitrogen freezer. Although the viability of cryopreserved cells decreases with time in storage, useful cultures can usually be established even after 2 years of storage at liquid nitrogen temperatures” –based on the information provided by the supplier.

Procedure for Cell culturing and maintenance:

- The cell line samples can be purchased from ATCC, through Cederlane Labs.

Starting Cell culturing:

- T-75cm flask are coated with 0.1% gelatine and left to coat for more than 1hr at 37°C .
- The gelatine is sucked out and 12mL of M-131 or similar endothelial media containing adequate Growth factors is added to the flasks.
- The frozen cell sample is thawed slightly in water bath and as quickly transferred into the T-75 flask containing the media and kept at 37°C incubator.
- The cells are observed for growth, and media is changed every two days. Old media is discarded and the cells are ideally washed with 10mL of Dulbecco's PBS solution and new media added to replace the removed old media.
- The procedure of changing media is continued till the cells have reached 80-85% confluency (where the cells cover almost the entire surface of the flask's inner surface).
- Once confluent, the cells have 3 options:
 - a) Use the cells for experiment.
 - b) Split the cells and maintain the cell culture.
 - c) Freeze the cells (especially earlier passages) for future use.

Splitting cells:

- T- 75cm flasks that are confluent can be split to two or more T 75 flasks depending upon the speed of growth in cells required(faster growth requires more cells /flask), whereas T150cm flasks of confluent cells can be split to three T-75cm flasks.
- The required T flask are coated with Gelatin (0.1%) and kept for incubation at 37°C for atleast 1 hour.
- Add media to the flasks after incubation and removal of gelatine.
- The 80%confluent plates are washed with PBS, and 3ml of Trypsin added to the flasks for detaching the cells. (T-150cm requires 4mL).Leave the plates in hood for 2-5 mints.
- Add 4mL of Trypsin Neutralizing solution and 7mL of Media.
- Scrap the cells from the flask using a cell scraper and as the cells+media volume is about 14ml, Divide the volume into the the flasks of the required number of coated flasks.
- The flasks are then observed under microscope and left to grown in the 37°C incubator.

Disposal: According to standard biohazard waste disposal procedures; autoclaving (steam sterilization) is generally the surest method of inactivating biological agents and should be used whenever possible. Liquid

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waste containers designed to withstand autoclaving temperatures must be used. Containers of liquid waste must be placed into a tray or pan of sufficient capacity to contain all liquid in the event of vessel failure or breakage inside the autoclave chamber.

The information about the cells can be found below;

<http://www.cedarlanelabs.com/canada/products.asp?view=viewitem&id=CRL-1730>

<http://www.atcc.org/ATCCAdvancedCatalogSearch/ProductDetails/tabid/452/Default.aspx?ATCCNum=CRL-1730&Template=cellBiology>

The screenshot shows a web browser window displaying the ATCC Catalog Search page for CRL-1730™ HUVEC-C cells. The page includes a navigation bar, a search bar, and a main content area with product details and related links.

Cell Biology	
ATCC® Number:	CRL-1730™ Order this Item
Designations:	HUV-EC-C
Biosafety Level:	I
Shipped:	frozen
Medium & Serum:	See Propagation
Growth Properties:	adherent
Organism:	<i>Homo sapiens</i> (human)
Morphology:	endothelial
Source:	Organ: umbilical vein Tissue: vascular endothelium Disease: normal Cell Type: endothelial factor VIII [23284]
Cellular Products:	
Permits/Forms:	In addition to the MTA mentioned above, other ATCC and/or regulatory permits may be required for the transfer of this ATCC material. Anyone purchasing ATCC material is ultimately responsible for obtaining the permits. Please click here for information regarding the specific requirements for shipment to your location.
Applications:	transfection host (technology from amov)

Price: \$279.00

Related Links ▶

- [NCBI Entrez Search](#)
- [Cell Micrograph](#)
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- [Frequently Asked Questions](#)
- [Material Transfer Agreement](#)
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Login Required ▶

- [Product Information Sheet](#)

BioProducts
Cell, microbial and molecular genomics products for the life sciences

BioServices
Bio-materials management

Other information

All students and researchers in Dr. Zhang's lab are demanded to obtain the Biosafety Certificate.

↑ training?

1.0 Microorganisms

1.1 Does your work involve the use of biological agents? YES NO
 (non-pathogenic and pathogenic biological agents including but not limited to bacteria and other microorganisms, viruses, prions, parasites or pathogens of plant or animal origin)? If no, please proceed to Section 2.0

Do you use microorganisms that require a permit from the CFIA? YES NO

If YES, please give the name of the species. _____

What is the origin of the microorganism(s)? _____

Please describe the risk (if any) of escape and how this will be mitigated:

Please attach the CFIA permit.

Please describe any CFIA permit conditions:

1.2 Please complete the table below:

Name of Biological agent(s)*	Is it known to be a human pathogen? YES/NO	Is it known to be an animal pathogen? YES/NO	Is it known to be a zoonotic agent? YES/NO	Maximum quantity to be cultured at one time? (in Litres)	Source/ Supplier	PHAC or CFIA Containment Level
Non-pathogenic E. Coli strain W3110	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	10 ⁸ cells/L	ATCC/ Cedarlane Laboratories	<input checked="" type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 2+ <input type="radio"/> 3
	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No			<input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 2+ <input type="radio"/> 3
	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No			<input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 2+ <input type="radio"/> 3
	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No			<input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 2+ <input type="radio"/> 3

*Please attach a Material Safety Data Sheet or equivalent from the supplier.

2.0 Cell Culture

2.1 Does your work involve the use of cell cultures? YES NO

If no, please proceed to Section 3.0

2.2 Please indicate the type of primary cells (i.e. derived from fresh tissue) that will be grown in culture:

Cell Type	Is this cell type used in your work?	Source of Primary Cell Culture Tissue	AUS Protocol Number
Human	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	Human umbilical vein endothelial cells	Not applicable
Rodent	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No		
Non-human primate	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No		
Other (specify)	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No		

No rodent / NHP
 cells → verified
 May 25

* DESCRIPTION MUST BE ATTACHED TO THIS FORM OR PROJECT WILL NOT BE REVIEWED*

2.3 Please indicate the type of established cells that will be grown in culture in:

Cell Type	Is this cell type used in your work?	Specific cell line(s)*	Supplier / Source
Human	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	Human umbilical vein endothelial cells	Cedarlane Laboratories
Rodent	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No		
Non-human primate	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No		
Other (specify)	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No		

*Please attach a Material Safety Data Sheet or equivalent from the supplier. (For more information, see www.atcc.org)

2.4 For above named cell types(s) indicate PHAC or CFIA containment level required 1 2 2+ 3

3.0 Use of Human Source Materials

3.1 Does your work involve the use of human source materials? YES NO
If no, please proceed to Section 4.0

3.2 Indicate in the table below the Human Source Material to be used.

Human Source Material	Source/Supplier /Company Name	Is Human Source Material Infected With An Infectious Agent? YES/NO	Name of Infectious Agent (If applicable)	PHAC or CFIA Containment Level (Select one)
Human Blood (whole) or other Body Fluid		<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Unknown		<input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 2+ <input type="radio"/> 3
Human Blood (fraction) or other Body Fluid		<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Unknown		<input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 2+ <input type="radio"/> 3
Human Organs or Tissues (unpreserved)		<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Unknown		<input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 2+ <input type="radio"/> 3
Human Organs or Tissues (preserved)		Not Applicable		Not Applicable

4.0 Genetically Modified Organisms and Cell lines

4.1 Will genetic modifications be made to the microorganisms, biological agents, or cells described in Sections 1.0 and 2.0? YES NO If no, please proceed to Section 5.0

4.2 Will genetic modification(s) involving plasmids be done? YES, complete table below NO

Bacteria Used for Cloning *	Plasmid(s) *	Source of Plasmid	Gene Transfected	Describe the change that results

* Please attach a Material Data Sheet or equivalent if available.

4.3 Will genetic modification(s) involving viral vectors be made? YES, complete table below NO

Virus Used for Vector Construction	Vector(s) *	Source of Vector	Gene(s) Transduced	Describe the change that results

* Please attach a Material Safety Data Sheet or equivalent.

4.4 Will genetic sequences from the following be involved?

- ◆ HIV YES, please specify _____ NO
- ◆ HTLV 1 or 2 or genes from any Level 1 or Level 2 pathogens YES, specify _____ NO
- ◆ SV 40 Large T antigen YES NO
- ◆ E1A oncogene YES NO
- ◆ Known oncogenes YES, please specify _____ NO
- ◆ Other human or animal pathogen and or their toxins YES, please specify _____ NO

4.5 Will virus be replication defective? YES NO

4.6 Will virus be infectious to humans or animals? YES NO

4.7 Will this be expected to increase the containment level required? YES NO

5.0 Human Gene Therapy Trials

5.1 Will human clinical trials be conducted involving a biological agent? YES NO
 (including but not limited to microorganisms, viruses, prions, parasites or pathogens of plant or animal origin)
 If no, please proceed to Section 6.0

5.2 If YES, please specify which biological agent will be used: _____
 Please attach a full description of the biological agent.

5.2 Will the biological agent be able to replicate in the host? YES NO

5.3 How will the biological agent be administered? _____

5.4 Please give the Health Care Facility where the clinical trial will be conducted: _____

5.5 Has human ethics approval been obtained? YES, number: _____ NO PENDING

6.0 Animal Experiments

6.1 Will live animals be used? YES NO If no, please proceed to section 7.0

6.2 Name of animal species to be used _____

6.3 AUS protocol # _____

6.4 Will any of the agents listed in section 4.0 be used in live animals YES, specify: _____ NO

6.5 Will the agent(s) be shed by the animal: YES NO, please justify:

7.0 Use of Animal species with Zoonotic Hazards

7.1 Will any animals with zoonotic hazards or their organs, tissues, lavages or other body fluids including blood be used (see list below)? YES No If no, please proceed to section 8.0

7.2 Please specify the animal(s) used:

- ◆ Pound source dogs YES NO
- ◆ Pound source cats YES NO
- ◆ Cattle, sheep or goats YES NO
- ◆ Non-human primates YES, please specify species _____ NO
- ◆ Wild caught animals YES, please specify species & colony # _____ NO
- ◆ Birds YES NO
- ◆ Others (wild or domestic) YES, please specify _____ NO

8.0 Biological Toxins

8.1 Will toxins of biological origin be used? YES NO If no, please proceed to Section 9.0

8.2 If YES, please name the toxin(s) _____
Please attach information, such as a Material Safety Data Sheet, for the toxin(s) used.

8.3 What is the LD₅₀ (specify species) of the toxin _____

8.4 How much of the toxin is handled at one time*? _____

8.5 How much of the toxin is stored*? _____

8.6 Will any biological toxins be used in live animals? YES, Please provide details: _____ NO

*For information on biosecurity requirements, please see:

http://www.uwo.ca/humanresources/docandform/docs/healthandsafety/biosafety/Biosecurity_Requirements.pdf

9.0 Insects

9.1 Do you use insects? YES NO If no, please proceed to Section 10.0

9.2 If YES, please give the name of the species. _____

9.3 What is the origin of the insect? _____

9.4 What is the life stage of the insect? _____

9.5 What is your intention? Initiate and maintain colony, give location: _____
 "One-time" use, give location: _____

9.6 Please describe the risk (if any) of escape and how this will be mitigated:

9.7 Do you use insects that require a permit from the CFIA permit? YES NO
If YES, Please attach the CFIA permit & describe any CFIA permit conditions:

10.0 Plants

10.1 Do you use plants? YES NO If no, please proceed to Section 11.0

10.2 If YES, please give the name of the species. _____

10.3 What is the origin of the plant? _____

10.4 What is the form of the plant (seed, seedling, plant, tree...)? _____

10.5 What is your intention? Grow and maintain a crop "One-time" use

10.6 Do you do any modifications to the plant? YES NO
If yes, please describe: _____

10.7 Please describe the risk (if any) of loss of the material from the lab and how this will be mitigated:

10.8 Is the CFIA permit attached? YES NO
If YES, Please attach the CFIA permit & describe any CFIA permit conditions:

11.0 Import Requirements

11.1 Will any of the above agents be imported? YES, please give country of origin _____ NO
If no, please proceed to Section 12.0

11.2 Has an Import Permit been obtained from HC for human pathogens? YES NO

11.3 Has an import permit been obtained from CFIA for animal or plant pathogens? YES NO

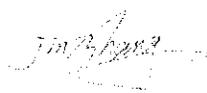
11.4 Has the import permit been sent to OHS? YES, please provide permit # _____ NO

12.0 Training Requirements for Personnel Named on Form

All personnel named on the above form who will be using any of the above named agents are required to attend the following training courses given by OHS:

- ◆ Biosafety
- ◆ Laboratory and Environmental/Waste Management Safety
- ◆ WHMIS (Western or equivalent)
- ◆ Employee Health and Safety Orientation

As the Principal Investigator, I have ensured that all of the personnel named on the form who will be using any of the biohazardous agents in Sections 1.0 to 9.0 have been trained.

SIGNATURE _____  _____

13.0 Containment Levels

13.1 For the work described in sections 1.0 to 9.0, please indicate the highest HC or CFIA Containment Level required. 1 2 2+ 3

13.2 Has the facility been certified by OHS for this level of containment?
 YES, permit # if on-campus _____
 NO, please certify
 NOT REQUIRED for Level 1 containment

14.0 Procedures to be Followed

14.1 As the Principal Investigator, I will ensure that this project will follow the Western Biosafety Guidelines and Procedures Manual for Containment Level 1 & 2 Laboratories (and the Level 3 Facilities Manual for Level 3 projects). I will ensure that UWO faculty, staff and students working in my laboratory have an up-to-date Hazard Communication Form, found at <http://www.wph.uwo.ca/>

SIGNATURE Jim Zhang Date: April 25, 2011

14.2 Please describe additional risk reduction measures will be taken beyond containment level 1, 2, 2+ or 3 measures, that are unique to this agent.
No specific measures is required

14.3 Please outline what will be done if there is an exposure to the biohazards listed, such as a needlestick injury:
1. All exposures and concerns (needlestick injury) will be reported on the incident, accident occupational illness reporting.
2. Suitable disinfectants such as chlorine bleach or 70% ethyl or isopropyl alcohol can be used to decontaminate. Autoclaving at 121 °C for 20 min, or dry heat at 170 °C for 4 hrs can be used for the exposed materials. ___

#2 refers to waste?

15.0 Approvals

- 1) UWO Biohazard Subcommittee: SIGNATURE _____ Date: _____
- 2) Safety Officer for the University of Western Ontario SIGNATURE: _____ Date: _____
- 3) Safety Officer for Institution where experiments will take place (if not UWO): SIGNATURE: _____ Date: _____

Approval Number: _____ Expiry Date (3 years from Approval): _____

Special Conditions of Approval:

Re: review comments on Biological Agents Registry Form dated on the 3rd of June.

Dear Jennifer and the Biohazards Subcommittee,

Thank you for the response on my Biological Agents Registry Form. Below is the response on the specific questions.

1. The committee is not clear in the purpose of putting in antibiotics in the growth medium of the bacteria used for the experiment.

The goal of project 1 is to develop a multifunctional nanocomposite-based device to detect, capture and de-contaminate bacteria. One of function of the device is able to act as "antibiotics" to kill the bacteria. To make it clear, the updated description of project states the goal of the project, and removes the "antibiotic" in the experimental process.

2. Do you have a biological safety cabinet to do this work in? Level 2 is required.

In my Lab, SEB 2021, there is an AirClean[®] Systems Combination PCR Hood with UV light. A level 2 (Type A) biological safety cabinet will be installed in this June.

3. Please note that PERV is an endogenous porcine virus which is transmissible to humans.

We do not use any other biological agents except the non-pathogenic bacteria, E.Coli, and HUVEC cells.

Thank you very much for your time and consideration.

Yours sincerely,

Jin

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Website: <http://www.eng.uwo.ca/people/jzhang/>





Office of Biohazard Containment and Safety
Science Branch, CFIA
59 Camelot Drive, Ottawa, Ontario K1A 0Y9
Tel: (613) 221-7068 Fax: (613) 228-6129
Email: ImportZoopath@inspection.gc.ca

Bureau du confinement des biorisques et sécurité
Direction générale des sciences, ACIA
59 promenade Camelot, Ottawa, Ontario K1A 0Y9
Tél: (613) 221-7068 Téléc: (613) 228-6129
Courriel: ImportZoopath@inspection.gc.ca

October 20th, 2009

Ms. Shamila Survery / Mr. Michael Decosimo
Cedarlane Laboratories Ltd
4410 Paletta Court
Burlington, Ontario L7L 5R2

By Facsimile: (289) 288-0020



SUBJECT: Importation of *Escherichia coli* strains

Dear Ms. Survery / Mr. Decosimo:

Our office received your query about the importation of *Escherichia coli* from the American Type Culture Collection (ATCC) located in Manassas, Virginia, United States. The following *Escherichia coli* strains are considered to be level 1 animal pathogens:

- 5K
- 58
- 58-161
- 679
- 1532
- AB284
- AB311
- AB1157
- AB1206
- AG1
- B
- BB4
- BD792
- BL21
- BL21 (DE3)
- BM25.8
- C
- C-1a
- C-3000
- C25
- C41 (DE3)
- C43 (DE3)
- C600
- Cavalli Hfr
- CIE85
- DH1
- DH10 GOLD
- DH10B
- DH5
- DH5-alpha
- DP50
- DY145
- DY380
- E11
- EJ183
- EL250
- EMG2
- EPI 300
- EZ10
- FDA Seattle 1946
- Fusion-Blue
- H1443
- HF4714
- HB101
- HS(PFAMP)R
- Hfr3000
- Hfr3000 X74
- HMS174
- J52
- J53
- JC3272
- JC7661
- JC9387
- JF1504
- JF1508
- JF1509
- JJ055
- JM83
- JM101
- JM109
- K12
- KC8
- KA802
- KAM32
- KAM33
- KAM43
- LE450
- LE451
- LE452
- MB408
- MBX1928
- MC1061
- MC4100 (MuLac)
- MG1655
- MM294
- MS101
- NC-7
- Nissle 1917
- One Shot STBL3
- OP50
- P678
- PA309
- PK-5
- PMC103
- PR13
- Rri
- RV308
- S17-1λ -PIR
- SCS1
- SMR10
- SOLR
- SuperchargeEZ10
- SURE
- TOP10
- TG1
- U5/41
- W208
- W945
- W1485
- W3104
- W3110
- WA704
- WP2
- X1854
- X2160T
- X2541
- X2547T
- XL1-BLUE
- XL1-BLUE-MRF
- XL0LR
- Y10
- Y1090 (1090)
- YN2980
- W3110
- WG1
- WG439
- WG443
- WG445

The Office of Biohazard Containment and Safety (BCS) of the Canadian Food Inspection Agency (CFIA) only issues import permits for microorganisms that are pathogenic to animals, or parts of microorganisms that are pathogenic to animals. As the products listed above are not considered pathogenic to animals, the Office of BCS does not have any regulatory requirements for their importation.

Please note that other legislation may apply. You may wish to contact the Public Health Agency of Canada's (PHAC) Office of Laboratory Security at (613) 957-1779.

Note: Microorganisms pathogenic to animals and veterinary biologics require an import permit from the CFIA.

Sincerely,

Cinthia Labrie
Head, Animal Pathogen Importation Program
Office of Biohazard Containment & Safety

Info on Cell(s)

Cell Biology

ATCC® Number: **CRL-1730™** Price: **\$279.00**

Designations: HUV-EC-C
Biosafety Level: 1
Shipped: frozen
Medium & Serum: [See Propagation](#)
Growth Properties: adherent
Organism: *Homo sapiens* (human)
endothelial

Morphology:



Organ: umbilical vein
Tissue: vascular endothelium
Disease: normal
Cell Type: endothelial

Source:

Cellular Products: factor VIII [23284]

In addition to the [MTA](#) mentioned above, other [ATCC and/or regulatory permits](#) may be required for the transfer of this ATCC material. Anyone purchasing ATCC material is ultimately responsible for obtaining the permits. Please [click here](#) for information regarding the specific requirements for shipment to your location.

Permits/Forms:

Applications: transfection host ([technology from amaxa](#))
Tumorigenic: No

Amelogenin: X
CSF1PO: 11,12
D13S317: 9,11
D16S539: 11,12

DNA Profile (STR): D5S818: 11,12
D7S820: 8,12
THO1: 6,9.3
TPOX: 8,11
vWA: 16

Cytogenetic Analysis:

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