

**THE UNIVERSITY OF WESTERN ONTARIO
 BIOHAZARDOUS AGENTS REGISTRY FORM**
 Approved Biohazards Subcommittee: September 25, 2009
 Biosafety Website: www.uwo.ca/humanresources/biosafety/

This form must be completed by each Principal Investigator holding a grant administered by the University of Western Ontario or in charge of a laboratory/facility where the use of Level 1, 2 or 3 biohazardous agents is described in the laboratory or animal work proposed. The form must also be completed if any work is proposed involving animals carrying zoonotic agents infectious to humans or involving plants, fungi, or insects that require Public Health Agency of Canada (PHAC) or Canadian Food Inspection Agency (CFIA) permits.

This form must be updated at least every 3 years or when there are changes to the biohazards being used.

Containment Levels will be established in accordance with Laboratory Biosafety Guidelines, 3rd edition, 2004, Public Health Agency of Canada (PHAC) or Containment Standards for Veterinary Facilities, 1st edition 1996, Canadian Food Inspection Agency (CFIA).

Completed forms are to be returned to Occupational Health and Safety, (OHS), (Support Services Building, Room 4190) for distribution to the Biohazard Subcommittee. For questions regarding this form, please contact the Biosafety Officer at extension 81135 or biosafety@uwo.ca. If there are changes to the information on this form (excluding grant title and funding agencies), contact Occupational Health and Safety for a modification form. See website: www.uwo.ca/humanresources/biosafety/

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR DWAYNE N. JACKSON
 SIGNATURE DA
 DEPARTMENT MEDICAL BIOPHYSICS
 ADDRESS MSB M404 ~~UNIVERSITY~~
 PHONE NUMBER ~~519 661 2111~~ 519 661 2111 x782515
 EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBER(S) 519 673-2606
 EMAIL dwayne.jackson@schulich.uwo.ca

Location of experimental work to be carried out: Building(s) MSB Room(s) M 498

*For work being performed at Institutions affiliated with the University of Western Ontario, the Safety Officer for the Institution where experiments will take place must sign the form prior to its being sent to the University of Western Ontario Biosafety Officer (See Section 12.0, Approvals).

FUNDING AGENCY/AGENCIES: NSERC
 GRANT TITLE(S): A NOVEL AND INTEGRATED APPROACH
TO THE STUDY OF VASCULAR CONTROL

PLEASE ATTACH A BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF YOUR WORK THAT EXPLAINS THE BIOHAZARDS USED AND HOW THEY WILL BE USED. PROJECTS SUBMITTED WITHOUT A SUMMARY WILL NOT BE REVIEWED. A GRANT SUMMARY PAGE MAYBE ADEQUATE IF IT PROVIDES SUFFICIENT DETAIL ABOUT EACH BIOHAZARD USED.

Names of all personnel working under Principal Investigators supervision in this location:
Philip Medeiros
Geoffrey Zeng

1.0 Microorganisms

1.1 Does your work involve the use of biological agents? YES NO
 (including but not limited to bacteria and other microorganisms, viruses, prions, parasites or pathogens of plant or animal origin)? If no, please proceed to Section 2.0

Do you use microorganisms that require a permit from the CFIA? YES NO

If YES, please give the name of the species: _____

What is the origin of the microorganism(s)? _____

Please describe the risk (if any) of escape and how this will be mitigated:

Please attach the CFIA permit.

Please describe any CFIA permit conditions:

1.2 Please complete the table below:

Name of Biological agent(s)*	Is it known to be a human pathogen? YES/NO	Is it known to be an animal pathogen? YES/NO	Is it known to be a zoonotic agent? YES/NO	Maximum quantity to be cultured at one time? (in Litres)	Source/Supplier	PHAC or CFIA Containment Level
Cancer cells (FTI) (MDA-HB231)	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	0.1	ATCC	<input checked="" type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3
(MCF 7)	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No			<input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3
	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No			<input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3
	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No			<input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3

*Please attach a Material Safety Data Sheet or equivalent from the supplier.

2.0 Cell Culture

2.1 Does your work involve the use of cell cultures? YES NO
 If no, please proceed to Section 3.0

2.2 Please indicate the type of primary cells (i.e. derived from fresh tissue) that will be grown in culture:

Cell Type	Is this cell type used in your work?	Source of Primary Cell Culture Tissue	AUS Protocol Number
Human	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	mammary gland	Not applicable
Rodent	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	mammary gland	
Non-human primate	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No		
Other (specify)	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No		

* DESCRIPTION MUST BE ATTACHED TO THIS FORM OR PROJECT WILL NOT BE REVIEWED*

2.3 Please indicate the type of established cells that will be grown in culture in:

Cell Type	Is this cell type used in your work?	Specific cell line(s)*	Supplier / Source
Human	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	MCF 7 \$MDA-MB-231	ATCC
Rodent	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	4T1	ATCC
Non-human primate	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No		
Other (specify)	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No		

*Please attach a Material Safety Data Sheet or equivalent from the supplier. (For more information, see www.atcc.org)

2.4 For above named cell type(s) indicate PHAC or CFIA containment level required 1 2 3

3.0 Use of Human Source Materials

3.1 Does your work involve the use of human source materials? YES NO
 If no, please proceed to Section 4.0

3.2 Indicate in the table below the Human Source Material to be used.

Human Source Material	Source/Supplier /Company Name	Is Human Source Material Infected With An Infectious Agent? YES/NO	Name of Infectious Agent (If applicable)	PHAC or CFIA Containment Level (Select one)
Human Blood (whole) or other Body Fluid		<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Unknown		<input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3
Human Blood (fraction) or other Body Fluid		<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Unknown		<input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3
Human Organs or Tissues (unpreserved)		<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Unknown		<input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3
Human Organs or Tissues (preserved)		Not Applicable		Not Applicable

4.0 Genetically Modified Organisms and Cell lines

4.1 Will genetic modifications be made to the microorganisms, biological agents, or cells described in Sections 1.0 and 2.0? YES NO If no, please proceed to Section 5.0

4.2 Will genetic modification(s) involving plasmids be done? YES, complete table below NO

Bacteria Used for Cloning *	Plasmid(s) *	Source of Plasmid	Gene Transfected	Describe the change that results

* Please attach a Material Data Sheet or equivalent if available.

4.3 Will genetic modification(s) involving viral vectors be made? YES, complete table below NO

Virus Used for Vector Construction	Vector(s) *	Source of Vector	Gene(s) Transduced	Describe the change that results

* Please attach a Material Safety Data Sheet or equivalent.

4.4 Will genetic sequences from the following be involved?

- ◆ HIV YES, please specify _____ NO
- ◆ HTLV 1 or 2 or genes from any Level 1 or Level 2 pathogens YES, specify _____ NO
- ◆ SV 40 Large T antigen YES NO
- ◆ E1A oncogene YES NO
- ◆ Known oncogenes YES, please specify _____ NO
- ◆ Other human or animal pathogen and or their toxins YES, please specify _____ NO

4.5 Will virus be replication defective? YES NO

4.6 Will virus be infectious to humans or animals? YES NO

4.7 Will this be expected to increase the containment level required? YES NO

5.0 Human Gene Therapy Trials

5.1 Will human clinical trials be conducted involving a biological agent? YES NO
 (including but not limited to microorganisms, viruses, prions, parasites or pathogens of plant or animal origin)
 If no, please proceed to Section 6.0

5.2 If YES, please specify which biological agent will be used: _____
 Please attach a full description of the biological agent.

5.2 Will the biological agent be able to replicate in the host? YES NO

5.3 How will the biological agent be administered? _____

5.4 Please give the Health Care Facility where the clinical trial will be conducted: _____

5.5 Has human ethics approval been obtained? YES, number: _____ NO PENDING

6.0 Animal Experiments

6.1 Will live animals be used? YES NO If no, please proceed to section 7.0

6.2 Name of animal species to be used Mouse

6.3 AUS protocol # 2010-11 Jackson

6.4 Will any of the agents listed in section 4.0 be used in live animals YES, specify: injection into NO

6.5 Will the agent(s) be shed by the animal: YES NO, please justify: mammary gland
Apoptotic cells will be destroyed within the
mouse

* DESCRIPTION MUST BE ATTACHED TO THIS FORM OR PROJECT WILL NOT BE REVIEWED*

10.0 Plants Requiring CFIA Permits

10.1 Do you use plants that require a permit from the CFIA? YES NO
If no, please proceed to Section 11.0

10.2 If YES, please give the name of the species. _____

10.3 What is the origin of the plant? _____

10.4 What is the form of the plant (seed, seedling, plant, tree...)? _____

10.5 What is your intention? Grow and maintain a crop "One-time" use

10.6 Do you do any modifications to the plant? YES NO

If yes, please describe: _____

10.7 Please describe the risk (if any) of loss of the material from the lab and how this will be mitigated:

10.8 Is the CFIA permit attached? YES NO
If NO, please forward the permit to the Biosafety Officer when available.

10.9 Please describe any CFIA permit conditions:

11.0 Import Requirements

11.1 Will any of the above agents be imported? YES, please give country of origin _____
If no, please proceed to Section 12.0 NO

11.2 Has an Import Permit been obtained from HC for human pathogens? YES NO

11.3 Has an import permit been obtained from CFIA for animal or plant pathogens? YES NO

11.4 Has the import permit been sent to OHS? YES, please provide permit # _____ NO

12.0 Training Requirements for Personnel Named on Form

All personnel named on the above form who will be using any of the above named agents are required to attend the following training courses given by OHS:

- ◆ Biosafety
- ◆ Laboratory and Environmental/Waste Management Safety
- ◆ WHMIS (Western or equivalent)
- ◆ Employee Health and Safety Orientation

As the Principal Investigator, I have ensured that all of the personnel named on the form who will be using any of the biohazardous agents in Sections 1.0 to 9.0 have been trained.

SIGNATURE _____

* DESCRIPTION MUST BE ATTACHED TO THIS FORM OR PROJECT WILL NOT BE REVIEWED*

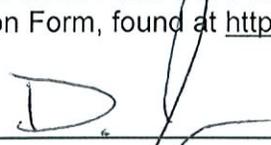
13.0 Containment Levels

11.1 For the work described in sections 1.0 to 9.0, please indicate the highest HC or CFIA Containment Level required. 1 2 3

13.2 Has the facility been certified by OHS for this level of containment?
 YES, permit # if on-campus _____
 NO, please certify
 NOT REQUIRED for Level 1 containment

14.0 Procedures to be Followed

14.1 As the Principal Investigator, I will ensure that this project will follow the Western Biosafety Guidelines and Procedures Manual for Containment Level 1 & 2 Laboratories (and the Level 3 Facilities Manual for Level 3 projects). I will ensure that UWO faculty, staff and students working in my laboratory have an up-to-date Hazard Communication Form, found at <http://www.wph.uwo.ca/>

SIGNATURE  Date: January Dec 6 / 10 

14.2 Please describe additional risk reduction measures will be taken beyond containment level 1, 2, or 3 measures, that are unique to this agent.

14.3 Please outline what will be done if there is an exposure to the biohazards listed, such as a needlestick injury:

15.0 Approvals

UWO Biohazard Subcommittee: SIGNATURE: _____
Date: _____

Safety Officer for Institution where experiments will take place: SIGNATURE: _____
Date: _____

Safety Officer for University of Western Ontario (if different from above): SIGNATURE: _____
Date: _____

Approval Number: _____ Expiry Date (3 years from Approval): _____

Special Conditions of Approval:

----- Original Message -----

Subject:Re: Biohazardous Agents Registry Form: Jackson

Date:Fri, 08 Jan 2010 17:08:52 -0500

From:Phil Medeiros <pmedeir3@uwo.ca>

To:Dr. Dwayne Jackson <dwayne.jackson@schulich.uwo.ca>, jstanle2@uwo.ca

Hello Jennifer,

the three mentioned cell lines (MDA-MB-231, MCF7 and 4T1), will be cultured in MSB 498. In vitro experiments with these cells will involve adding different growth factors to culture media and tracking proliferation. Additionally, these cell lines will be used for in vivo experimentation. All three cell lines are known to be tumorigenic, therefore they will be used for better understanding tumor development in a mouse model. Cultured cells will be injected into the mammary gland of mice, we will track tumor progression over a period four weeks. Tumors will then be harvested and analyzed with various molecular & biochemical assays to probe for various proteins and signalling factors.

14.2 N/A

14.3 There is a relative low risk if such an incident were to occur, however if a needle stick injury occurs students will be sent immediately to student health services to seek medical attention.

Please let me know if further details are required

Thank you

Phil Medeiros M.Sc
Ph.D Candidate
CIHR Strategic Training Fellow
Department of Medical Biophysics
Schulich School of Medicine and Dentistry
The University of Western Ontario
London, Ontario N6A 5C1
519 661-2111 ext 86544



Product Description

Before submitting an order you will be asked to read and accept the terms and conditions of ATCC's [Material Transfer Agreement](#) or, in certain cases, an MTA specified by the depositing institution. Customers in Europe, Australia, Canada, China, Hong Kong, India, Japan, Korea, Macau, Mexico, New Zealand, Singapore, and Taiwan, R.O.C. must contact a [local distributor](#) for pricing information and to place an order for ATCC cultures and products.

[Print this Page](#)

ATCC® Number:	CRL-2539™	Order this Item	Price:	\$268.00
Designations:	4T1		Related Links ▶	
Depositors:	BA Pulaski		NCBI Entrez Search	
Biosafety Level:	1		Make a Deposit	
Shipped:	frozen		Frequently Asked Questions	
Medium & Serum:	See Propagation		Material Transfer Agreement	
Growth Properties:	adherent		Technical Support	
Organism:	<i>Mus musculus</i> (mouse)		Related Cell Culture Products	
Morphology:	epithelial			
Source:	Organ: mammary gland Strain: BALB/cfC3H Disease: tumor			
Permits/Forms:	In addition to the MTA mentioned above, other ATCC and/or regulatory permits may be required for the transfer of this ATCC material. Anyone purchasing ATCC material is ultimately responsible for obtaining the permits. Please click here for information regarding the specific requirements for shipment to your location.			
Tumorigenic:	Yes			
Comments:	<p>4T1 is a 6-thioguanine resistant cell line selected from the 410.4 tumor without mutagen treatment. [49690]</p> <p>When injected into BALB/c mice, 4T1 spontaneously produces highly metastatic tumors that can metastasize to the lung, liver, lymph nodes and brain while the primary tumor is growing in situ. [49690] [49688]</p> <p>The primary tumor does not have to be removed to induce metastatic growth.</p> <p>The tumor growth and metastatic spread of 4T1 cells in BALB/c mice very closely mimic human breast cancer. This tumor is an animal model for stage IV human breast cancer. [49689] [49688]</p> <p>4T1-induced tumors can be used as a post-operative model as well as a non-surgical model because the 4T1-induced tumor metastasizes spontaneously in both models with similar kinetics. [49689] [49688] [49687]</p> <p>Because 4T1 is resistant to 6-thioguanine, micro-metastatic cells (as few as 1) can be detected in many distant site organs with better accuracy than most tumor models. There is no need to count nodules or weight target organs. [49687] [49688] [49689]</p>			
Propagation:	<p>ATCC complete growth medium: The base medium for this cell line is ATCC-formulated RPMI-1640 Medium, Catalog No. 30-2001. To make the complete growth medium, add the following components to the base medium: fetal bovine serum to a final concentration of 10%.</p> <p>Temperature: 37.0°C</p>			

Subculturing: **Protocol:** NOTE: the cells should not be allowed to become confluent, subculture at 80% of confluence. Remove medium, and rinse with 0.25% trypsin, 0.03% EDTA solution. Remove the solution and add an additional 1 to 2 ml of trypsin-EDTA solution. Allow the flask to sit at room temperature (or at 37C) until the cells detach. Add fresh culture medium, aspirate and dispense into new culture flasks.
Subcultivation Ratio: A subcultivation ratio of 1:6 to 1:8 is recommended
Medium Renewal: Every 2 to 3 days

Preservation: **Freeze medium:** Complete growth medium 95%; DMSO, 5%
Storage temperature: liquid nitrogen vapor temperature

Related Products: Recommended medium (without the additional supplements or serum described under ATCC Medium):ATCC [30-2001](#)
recommended serum:ATCC [30-2020](#)

References:
49687: Pulaski BA, et al. Immunotherapy with vaccines combining MHC class II/CD80+ tumor cells with interleukin-12 reduces established metastatic disease and stimulates immune effectors and monokine induced by interferon gamma. Cancer Immunol. Immunother. 49: 34-45, 2000. PubMed: [10782864](#)
49688: Pulaski BA, Ostrand-Rosenberg S. Reduction of established spontaneous mammary carcinoma metastases following immunotherapy with major histocompatibility complex class II and B7.1 cell-based tumor vaccines. Cancer Res. 58: 1486-1493, 1998. PubMed: [9537252](#)
49689: Pulaski BA, et al. Cooperativity of Staphylococcal aureus enterotoxin B superantigen, major histocompatibility complex class II, and CD80 for immunotherapy of advanced spontaneous metastases in a clinically relevant postoperative mouse breast cancer model. Cancer Res. 60: 2710-2715, 2000. PubMed: [10825145](#)
49690: Aslakson CJ, Miller FR. Selective events in the metastatic process defined by analysis of the sequential dissemination of subpopulations of a mouse mammary tumor. Cancer Res. 52: 1399-1405, 1992. PubMed: [1540948](#)

[Return to Top](#)

[Notices and Disclaimers](#)

ATCC products are intended for laboratory research purposes only, unless noted otherwise. They are not intended for use in humans.

While ATCC uses reasonable efforts to include accurate and up-to-date information on this site, ATCC makes no warranties or representations as to its accuracy. Citations from scientific literature and patents are provided for informational purposes only. ATCC does not warrant that such information has been confirmed to be accurate.

All prices are listed in U.S. dollars and are subject to change without notice. A discount off the current list price will be applied to most cultures for nonprofit institutions in the United States. Cultures that are ordered as test tubes or flasks will carry an additional laboratory fee. Fees for permits, shipping, and handling may apply.

[Back to my Search](#)

[Login](#) » To customize your ATCC web experience: [Create a Profile](#)

Site Search	<input type="text"/>
	<input type="button" value="Go"/>

[Home](#) | [Site Map](#) | [FAQ](#) | [Privacy Policy](#) | [Careers](#) | [Contact Us](#)

© 2009 ATCC. All Rights Reserved.



Product Description

Before submitting an order you will be asked to read and accept the terms and conditions of ATCC's [Material Transfer Agreement](#) or, in certain cases, an MTA specified by the depositing institution. Customers in Europe, Australia, Canada, China, Hong Kong, India, Japan, Korea, Macau, Mexico, New Zealand, Singapore, and Taiwan, R.O.C. must contact a [local distributor](#) for pricing information and to place an order for ATCC cultures and products.

[Print this Page](#)

ATCC® Number:	HTB-22™	<input type="button" value="Order this Item"/>	Price:	\$264.00
Designations:	MCF7		Related Links ▶	
Depositors:	CM McGrath		NCBI Entrez Search	
<u>Biosafety Level:</u>	1		Cell Micrograph	
Shipped:	frozen		Make a Deposit	
Medium & Serum:	See Propagation		Frequently Asked Questions	
Growth Properties:	adherent		Material Transfer Agreement	
Organism:	<i>Homo sapiens</i> (human)		Technical Support	
Morphology:	epithelial		Related Cell Culture Products	
				
Source:	Organ: mammary gland; breast Disease: adenocarcinoma Derived from metastatic site: pleural effusion Cell Type: epithelial			
Cellular Products:	insulin-like growth factor binding proteins (IGFBP) BP-2; BP-4; BP-5			
Permits/Forms:	In addition to the MTA mentioned above, other ATCC and/or regulatory permits may be required for the transfer of this ATCC material. Anyone purchasing ATCC material is ultimately responsible for obtaining the permits. Please click here for information regarding the specific requirements for shipment to your location.			
Applications:	transfection host (Nucleofection technology from Lonza Roche FuGENE® Transfection Reagents)			
Receptors:	estrogen receptor, expressed			
Antigen Expression:	Blood Type O; Rh+			
DNA Profile (STR):	Amelogenin: X CSF1PO: 10 D13S317: 11 D16S539: 11,12 D5S818: 11,12 D7S820: 8,9 TH01: 6 TPOX: 9,12 vWA: 14,15			

Cytogenetic Analysis:	<p>modal number = 82; range = 66 to 87. The stemline chromosome numbers ranged from hypertriploidy to hypotetraploidy, with the 25 component occurring at 1%. There were 29 to 34 marker chromosomes per S metaphase; 24 to 28 markers occurred in at least 30% of cells, and generally one large submetacentric (M1) and 3 large subtelocentric (M2, M3, and M4) markers were recognizable in over 80% of metaphases. No DM were detected. Chromosome 20 was nullisomic and X was disomic.</p>
Isoenzymes:	<p>AK-1, 1 ES-D, 1-2 G6PD, B GLO-I, 1-2 PGM1, 1-2 PGM3, 1</p>
Age:	69 years adult
Gender:	female
Ethnicity:	Caucasian
Comments:	<p>The MCF7 line retains several characteristics of differentiated mammary epithelium including ability to process estradiol via cytoplasmic estrogen receptors and the capability of forming domes. The cells express the WNT7B oncogene [PubMed: 8168088]. Growth of MCF7 cells is inhibited by tumor necrosis factor alpha (TNF alpha). Secretion of IGFBP's can be modulated by treatment with anti-estrogens.</p>
Propagation:	<p>ATCC complete growth medium: The base medium for this cell line is ATCC-formulated Eagle's Minimum Essential Medium, Catalog No. 30-2003. To make the complete growth medium, add the following components to the base medium: 0.01 mg/ml bovine insulin; fetal bovine serum to a final concentration of 10% . Atmosphere: air, 95%; carbon dioxide (CO₂), 5% Temperature: 37.0°C</p>
Subculturing:	<p>Protocol: Volumes used in this protocol are for 75 sq cm flasks; proportionally reduce or increase amount of dissociation medium for culture vessels of other sizes. Note: If floating cells are present, it is recommended that they be transferred at the first two (2) subcultures as described below. It is not necessary to transfer floating cells for subsequent subcultures.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Remove culture medium to a centrifuge tube. 2. Briefly rinse the cell layer with 0.25% (w/v) Trypsin - 0.53 mM EDTA solution to remove all traces of serum which contains trypsin inhibitor. 3. Add 2.0 to 3.0 ml of Trypsin-EDTA solution to flask and observe cells under an inverted microscope until cell layer is dispersed (usually within 5 to 15 minutes). Note: To avoid clumping do not agitate the cells by hitting or shaking the flask while waiting for the cells to detach. Cells that are difficult to detach may be placed at 37C to facilitate dispersal. 4. Add 6.0 to 8.0 ml of complete growth medium and aspirate cells by gently pipetting. 5. Transfer the cell suspension to the centrifuge tube with the medium and cells from step 1, and centrifuge at approximately 125 xg for 5 to 10 minutes. Discard the supernatant. 6. Resuspend the cell pellet in fresh growth medium. Add appropriate aliquots of the cell suspension to new culture vessels. 7. Incubate cultures at 37C.
Preservation:	<p>Subcultivation Ratio: A subcultivation ratio of 1:3 to 1:6 is recommended Medium Renewal: 2 to 3 times per week Freeze medium: Complete growth medium supplemented with 5% (v/v) DMSO Storage temperature: liquid nitrogen vapor phase</p>
Doubling Time:	29 hrs
Related Products:	<p>Recommended medium (without the additional supplements or serum described under ATCC Medium): ATCC 30-2003 recommended serum: ATCC 30-2020 purified DNA: ATCC HTB-22D purified RNA: ATCC HTB-22R 0.25% (w/v) Trypsin - 0.53 mM EDTA in Hank' BSS (w/o Ca⁺⁺, Mg⁺⁺): ATCC 30-2101 Cell culture tested DMSO: ATCC 4-X</p>

References:

- 21405: Sugarman BJ, et al. Recombinant human tumor necrosis factor- α : effects on proliferation of normal and transformed cells in vitro. *Science* 230: 943-945, 1985. PubMed: [3933111](#)
- 22871: Takahashi K, Suzuki K. Association of insulin-like growth-factor-I-induced DNA synthesis with phosphorylation and nuclear exclusion of p53 in human breast cancer MCF-7 cells. *Int. J. Cancer* 55: 453-458, 1993. PubMed: [8375929](#)
- 23046: Brandes LJ, Hermonat MW. Receptor status and subsequent sensitivity of subclones of MCF-7 human breast cancer cells surviving exposure to diethylstilbestrol. *Cancer Res.* 43: 2831-2835, 1983. PubMed: [6850594](#)
- 23079: Lan MS, et al. Polypeptide core of a human pancreatic tumor mucin antigen. *Cancer Res.* 50: 2997-3001, 1990. PubMed: [2334903](#)
- 23107: Pratt SE, Pollak MN. Estrogen and antiestrogen modulation of MCF7 human breast cancer cell proliferation is associated with specific alterations in accumulation of insulin-like growth factor-binding proteins in conditioned media. *Cancer Res.* 53: 5193-5198, 1993. PubMed: [7693333](#)
- 23113: Huguet EL, et al. Differential expression of human Wnt genes 2, 3, 4, and 7B in human breast cell lines and normal and disease states of human breast tissue. *Cancer Res.* 54: 2615-2621, 1994. PubMed: [8168088](#)
- 23217: Soule HD, et al. A human cell line from a pleural effusion derived from a breast carcinoma. *J. Natl. Cancer Inst.* 51: 1409-1416, 1973. PubMed: [4357757](#)
- 25065: Bellet D, et al. Malignant transformation of nontrophoblastic cells is associated with the expression of chorionic gonadotropin beta genes normally transcribed in trophoblastic cells. *Cancer Res.* 57: 516-523, 1997. PubMed: [9012484](#)
- 32275: Littlewood-Evans AJ, et al. The osteoclast-associated protease cathepsin K is expressed in human breast carcinoma. *Cancer Res.* 57: 5386-5390, 1997. PubMed: [9393764](#)
- 32278: Komarova EA, et al. Intracellular localization of p53 tumor suppressor protein in gamma-irradiated cells is cell cycle regulated and determined by the nucleus. *Cancer Res.* 57: 5217-5220, 1997. PubMed: [9393737](#)
- 32285: van Dijk MA, et al. A functional assay in yeas for the human estrogen receptor displays wild-type and variant estrogen receptor messenger RNAs present in breast carcinoma. *Cancer Res.* 57: 3478-3485, 1997. PubMed: [9270016](#)
- 32288: Landers JE, et al. Translational enhancement of mdm2 oncogene expression in human tumor cells containing a stabilized wild-type p53 protein. *Cancer Res.* 57: 3562-3568, 1997. PubMed: [9270029](#)
- 32344: Umekita Y, et al. Human prostate tumor growth in athymic mice: inhibition by androgens and stimulation by finasteride. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 93: 11802-11807, 1996. PubMed: [8876218](#)
- 32467: Zamora-Leon SP, et al. Expression of the fructose transporter GLUT5 in human breast cancer. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 93: 1847-1852, 1996. PubMed: [8700847](#)
- 32488: Geiger T, et al. Antitumor activity of a PKC- α antisense oligonucleotide in combination with standard chemotherapeutic agents against various human tumors transplanted into nude mice. *Anticancer Drug Des.* 13: 35-45, 1998. PubMed: [9474241](#)
- 32547: Jang SI, et al. Activator protein 1 activity is involved in the regulation of the cell type-specific expression from the proximal promoter of the human profilaggrin gene. *J. Biol. Chem.* 271: 24105-24114, 1996. PubMed: [8798649](#)
- 32568: Lee JH, et al. The proximal promoter of the human transglutaminase 3 gene. *J. Biol. Chem.* 271: 4561-4568, 1996. PubMed: [8626812](#)
- 32582: Chang K, Pastan I. Molecular cloning of mesothelin, a differentiation antigen present on mesothelium, mesotheliomas, and ovarian cancers. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 93: 136-140, 1996. PubMed: [8552591](#)
- 32925: Zhu X, et al. Cell cycle-dependent modulation of telomerase activity in tumor cells. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 93: 6091-6095, 1996. PubMed: [8650224](#)
- 38764: Bacus SS, et al. Differentiation of cultured human breast cancer cells (AU-565 and MCF-7) associated with loss of cell surface HER-2/neu antigen. *Mol. Carcinog.* 3: 350-362, 1990. PubMed: [1980588](#)

[Return to Top](#)

Notices and Disclaimers

ATCC products are intended for laboratory research purposes only, unless noted otherwise. They are not intended for use in humans.

While ATCC uses reasonable efforts to include accurate and up-to-date information on this site, ATCC makes no warranties or representations as to its accuracy. Citations from scientific literature and patents are provided for informational purposes only. ATCC does

not warrant that such information has been confirmed to be accurate.

All prices are listed in U.S. dollars and are subject to change without notice. A discount off the current list price will be applied to most cultures for nonprofit institutions in the United States. Cultures that are ordered as test tubes or flasks will carry an additional laboratory fee. Fees for permits, shipping, and handling may apply.

[Back to my Search](#)

[Login](#) ▶ To customize your ATCC web experience: [Create a Profile](#)

Site Search

[Home](#) | [Site Map](#) | [FAQ](#) | [Privacy Policy](#) | [Careers](#) | [Contact Us](#)

© 2009 ATCC. All Rights Reserved.

Product Description

Before submitting an order you will be asked to read and accept the terms and conditions of ATCC's [Material Transfer Agreement](#) or, in certain cases, an MTA specified by the depositing institution. Customers in Europe, Australia, Canada, China, Hong Kong, India, Japan, Korea, Macau, Mexico, New Zealand, Singapore, and Taiwan, R.O.C. must contact a [local distributor](#) for pricing information and to place an order for ATCC cultures and products.

[Print this Page](#)

ATCC® Number:	HTB-26™ <input type="button" value="Order this Item"/>	Price:	\$256.00
Designations:	MDA-MB-231	Related Links ▶	
Depositors:	R Cailleau	NCBI Entrez Search	
Biosafety Level:	1	Cell Micrograph	
Shipped:	frozen	Make a Deposit	
Medium & Serum:	See Propagation	Frequently Asked Questions	
Growth Properties:	adherent	Material Transfer Agreement	
Organism:	<i>Homo sapiens</i> (human)	Technical Support	
Morphology:	epithelial	Related Cell Culture Products	
			
Source:	Organ: mammary gland; breast Disease: adenocarcinoma Derived from metastatic site: pleural effusion Cell Type: epithelial		
Permits/Forms:	In addition to the MTA mentioned above, other ATCC and/or regulatory permits may be required for the transfer of this ATCC material. Anyone purchasing ATCC material is ultimately responsible for obtaining the permits. Please click here for information regarding the specific requirements for shipment to your location.		
Applications:	transfection host (Nucleofection technology from Lonza Roche FuGENE® Transfection Reagents)		
Receptors:	epidermal growth factor (EGF), expressed transforming growth factor alpha (TGF alpha), expressed		
Tumorigenic:	Yes		
DNA Profile (STR):	Amelogenin: X CSF1PO: 12,13 D13S317: 13 D16S539: 12 D5S818: 12 D7S820: 8,9 TH01: 7,9,3 TPOX: 8,9 vWA: 15,18		
Cytogenetic Analysis:	The cell line is aneuploid female (modal number = 64, range = 52 to 68), with chromosome counts in the near-triploid range. Normal chromosomes N8 and N15 were absent. Eleven stable rearranged marker chromosomes are noted as well as unassignable chromosomes in addition to the majority of autosomes that are trisomic. Many of the marker chromosomes are identical to those shown in the karyotype reported by K.L. Satya-Prakash, et al.		

Isoenzymes:	AK-1, 1 ES-D, 1 G6PD, B GLO-1, 2 Me-2, 1-2 PGM1, 1-2 PGM3, 1
Age:	51 years adult
Gender:	female
Ethnicity:	Caucasian
Comments:	The cells express the WNT7B oncogene [PubMed: 8168088].
Propagation:	ATCC complete growth medium: The base medium for this cell line is ATCC-formulated Leibovitz's L-15 Medium, Catalog No. 30-2008. To make the complete growth medium, add the following components to the base medium: fetal bovine serum to a final concentration of 10%. Atmosphere: air, 100% Temperature: 37.0°C
Subculturing:	Protocol: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Remove and discard culture medium. 2. Briefly rinse the cell layer with 0.25% (w/v) Trypsin- 0.53 mM EDTA solution to remove all traces of serum that contains trypsin inhibitor. 3. Add 2.0 to 3.0 ml of Trypsin-EDTA solution to flask and observe cells under an inverted microscope until cell layer is dispersed (usually within 5 to 15 minutes). Note: To avoid clumping do not agitate the cells by hitting or shaking the flask while waiting for the cells to detach. Cells that are difficult to detach may be placed at 37°C to facilitate dispersal. 4. Add 6.0 to 8.0 ml of complete growth medium and aspirate cells by gently pipetting. 5. Add appropriate aliquots of the cell suspension to new culture vessels. 6. Incubate cultures at 37°C without CO₂. <p>Subcultivation Ratio: A subcultivation ratio of 1:2 to 1:4 is recommended Medium Renewal: 2 to 3 times per week</p>
Preservation:	Freeze medium: Complete growth medium supplemented with 5% (v/v) DMSO
Related Products:	Storage temperature: liquid nitrogen vapor phase Recommended medium (without the additional supplements or serum described under ATCC Medium): ATCC 30-2008 recommended serum: ATCC 30-2020 purified DNA: ATCC 45518 purified DNA: ATCC 45519 purified DNA: ATCC HTB-26D purified RNA: ATCC HTB-26R

References:

- 1206: Brinkley BR, et al. Variations in cell form and cytoskeleton in human breast carcinoma cells in vitro. *Cancer Res.* 40: 3118-3129, 1980. PubMed: [7000337](#)
- 22182: Cruciger Q, et al. Morphological, biochemical and chromosomal characterization of breast tumor lines from pleural effusions. *In Vitro* 12: 331, 1976.
- 22429: Siciliano MJ, et al. Mutually exclusive genetic signatures of human breast tumor cell lines with a common chromosomal marker. *Cancer Res.* 39: 919-922, 1979. PubMed: [427779](#)
- 22532: Cailleau R, et al. Breast tumor cell lines from pleural effusions. *J. Natl. Cancer Inst.* 53: 661-674, 1974. PubMed: [4412247](#)
- 22656: Cailleau R, et al. Long-term human breast carcinoma cell lines of metastatic origin: preliminary characterization. *In Vitro* 14: 911-915, 1978. PubMed: [730202](#)
- 22977: Bates SE, et al. Expression of the transforming growth factor-alpha/epidermal growth factor receptor pathway in normal human breast epithelial cells. *Endocrinology* 126: 596-607, 1990. PubMed: [2294006](#)
- 23010: Dickstein B, et al. Increased epidermal growth factor receptor in an estrogen-responsive, adriamycin-resistant MCF-7 cell line. *J. Cell. Physiol.* 157: 110-118, 1993. PubMed: [8408230](#)
- 23113: Huguet EL, et al. Differential expression of human Wnt genes 2, 3, 4, and 7B in human breast cell lines and normal and disease states of human breast tissue. *Cancer Res.* 54: 2615-2621, 1994. PubMed: [8168088](#)
- 26321: Satya-Prakash KL, et al. Cytogenetic analysis on eight human breast tumor cell lines: high frequencies of 1q, 11q and HeLa-like marker chromosomes. *Cancer Genet. Cytogenet.* 3: 61-73, 1981. PubMed: [7272986](#)
- 32272: Katayose Y, et al. Promoting apoptosis: a novel activity associated with the Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor p27. *Cancer Res.* 57: 5441-5445, 1997. PubMed: [9407946](#)
- 32275: Littlewood-Evans AJ, et al. The osteoclast-associated protease cathepsin K is expressed in human breast carcinoma. *Cancer Res.* 57: 5386-5390, 1997. PubMed: [9393764](#)
- 32341: Sheng S, et al. Maspain acts at the cell membrane to inhibit invasion and motility of mammary and prostatic cancer cells. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 93: 11669-11674, 1996. PubMed: [8876194](#)
- 32489: De Vincenzo R, et al. Antiproliferative activity of colchicine analogues on MDR-positive and MDR-negative human cancer cell lines. *Anticancer Drug Des.* 13: 19-33, 1998. PubMed: [9474240](#)
- 33021: Soker S, et al. Characterization of novel vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF) receptors on tumor cells that bind VEGF165 via its exon 7-encoded domain. *J. Biol. Chem.* 271: 5761-5767, 1996. PubMed: [8621443](#)

[Return to Top](#)

[Notices and Disclaimers](#)

ATCC products are intended for laboratory research purposes only, unless noted otherwise. They are not intended for use in humans.

While ATCC uses reasonable efforts to include accurate and up-to-date information on this site, ATCC makes no warranties or representations as to its accuracy. Citations from scientific literature and patents are provided for informational purposes only. ATCC does not warrant that such information has been confirmed to be accurate.

All prices are listed in U.S. dollars and are subject to change without notice. A discount off the current list price will be applied to most cultures for nonprofit institutions in the United States. Cultures that are ordered as test tubes or flasks will carry an additional laboratory fee. Fees for permits, shipping, and handling may apply.

[Back to my Search](#)

[Login](#) ▶ To customize your ATCC web experience: [Create a Profile](#)

Site Search

Go

[Home](#) | [Site Map](#) | [FAQ](#) | [Privacy Policy](#) | [Careers](#) | [Contact Us](#)

© 2009 ATCC. All Rights Reserved.

----- Original Message -----

Subject:Re: Biohazardous Agents Registry Form: Jackson

Date:Mon, 11 Jan 2010 10:48:04 -0500

From:Dr. Dwayne Jackson <dwayne.jackson@schulich.uwo.ca>

To:Jennifer Stanley <jstanle2@uwo.ca>

Hahaha...of course... absent minded professor...you have my permission to correct it :)

D

Dr. Dwayne N. Jackson, Ph.D.
Assistant Professor
Director of the A.C. Burton Laboratory for Vascular Research
Departments of Medical Biophysics and Biomedical Engineering
The University of Western Ontario
Schulich School of Medicine & Dentistry
London, Ontario, Canada N6A 5C1
519-661-2111 ext. 82815

On 11-Jan-10, at 10:21 AM, Jennifer Stanley wrote:

Thanks

The form says that it was signed on Dec 6/10 - I think you mean Jan 6/10?

Jennifer