

Visiting Speaker

Kim Cornish

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Identifying Inhibitory Deficits through Early Childhood into Adulthood: the Complex Interplay between Genes, Environment and the Developing Brain

The focus of the talk will be on how the expansion of a single gene on the X chromosome, the *FMR1* gene, can have detrimental and cascading impact on attentional processes across development. Children with Fragile X syndrome, who have a large expansion of the *FMR1* gene, have a well-documented trajectory of inhibitory deficits that now inform new interactive technologies to train attention capacity in early childhood. In contrast, less well documented are Fragile X “carriers”, who have a medium expansion (estimated at ~1 in 150 females and 1 ~450 males) and until recently were assumed be risk-free from cognitive and psychiatric impairments. Our recent findings suggest otherwise. In carrier females, we have found the presence of specific epigenetic aetiology associated with increased risk of developing co-morbid dysexecutive and social anxiety symptoms; and in carrier males, poor inhibitory control, captured in the early 30’s onwards, can serve as a precursor to a later neurodegenerative disorder in a subset of males. A greater understanding of inattentive phenotypes associated with the *FMR1* gene expansion will result in more targeted early intervention recommendations aimed at improving the outcomes for millions of affected families worldwide.

Date: Wednesday, April 6, 2016

Time: 10:00 am

Location: Fisher Room, RRI

If you require information in an alternate format or if any other arrangements can make this event accessible to you, please contact Denise Soanes at dsoanes4@uwo.ca