



Spanish Language & Linguistics at Western

Department of Modern Languages & Literatures

Major module (6 credits)

Minor module (4 credits)

Following Spanish for Beginners¹ (1030), the course offerings include:

- Intermediate Spanish (2200)
- Introduction to Spanish Literature (2202F/G)
- The Structure of Spanish (3303A/B)
- Advanced Spanish Language (3300)
- Hispanic Sociolinguistics (3314F/G)
- Acquisition of Spanish (3315F/G)
- Comparative Grammar of English & Spanish (2214F/G)
- History of Spanish (4408A/B)
- Spanish Syntax (4411F/G)
- Spanish in Contact (4412F/G)

Note: Please see the MLL web site for specific modular requirements:

<http://www.uwo.ca/modlang/>

Why Study Spanish?

Spanish is the third most commonly spoken language in the world and the second one in North America. In some US states up to a third of the population is Spanish-speaking, which significantly affects American business and other contacts. For Canada, Spanish is becoming more important every day given the participation of Mexico in NAFTA. The study of Linguistics introduces the student to the role of language in society, modes of language acquisition, the deep structure of language, the psychology of the linguistic process and many other aspects of human communication in connection with Spanish.

Evolutionary Linguistics considers the origins of language
Historical Linguistics explores language change
Sociolinguistics looks at the relation between linguistic variation and social structures
Psycholinguistics explores the representation and functioning of language in the mind etc.

ASK ABOUT COURSES IN SPAIN & LATIN AMERICA!

- Morphology** studies the formation and composition of words.
- Syntax** analyzes the rules that determine how words combine into phrases and sentences.
- Phonology** is the study of sound systems and abstract sound units.

¹ First-year course (required for entry into all modules): may be waived for those with Grade 12U Spanish.