Earth Sciences 1022B Course Outline: Earth Rocks!

Objectives: We will study what the Earth is made of (minerals and rocks), how it works (plate tectonics), and how it affects us. Focus is on surface processes, landforms, resources of our planet – natural features and actions that we can see, including natural disasters such as earthquakes, volcanoes, landslides, tsunamis, and floods.

No prerequisites; **Anti**-requisites: ES1070a/b, ES1081a/b; the former ES020, ES082a/b **Lectures**: Tu, Th 9³⁰-10²⁰ am in Natural Sciences Room 1 (downstairs by the tunnels) **Labs**: 2hr slot:T10³⁰-12³⁰,12³⁰-2³⁰,6-8; Th10³⁰-12³⁰,12³⁰-2³⁰,2³⁰-4³⁰,6-8; F9³⁰-11³⁰ in BGS1015 **Instructor**: Dr S.R. Hicock BGS 1076; <u>shicock@uwo.ca</u>; https://owl.uwo.ca/portal Recommended **Text**: Earth (4th Can Ed. 2015); no manuals or electronic devices required **Marks** etc.: weekly labs 10%, Feb lab quiz 10%, Feb midterm 20%, Mar lab exam 20%, April exam 40%; contact the Prof. if you miss a test; no electronic devices allowed in tests

Content

Orientation: course layout, marks; how Earth formed, global tectonics, the rock cycle Minerals: what they are, structures and bonds, common mineral groups and uses **Igneous rocks:** how they form, magma types, igneous textures, rock types and uses **Volcanoes:** how they erupt, resulting landforms and rock types; igneous intrusions **Weathering:** what it is, how it works, mineral and rock susceptibility, soil development Sedimentary rocks: how they form, sedimentary features, rock types and uses Metamorphic rocks: how they form, metamorphic textures, rock types and uses Geologic time: correlation, time gaps, dating methods, geologic column and time scale **Rock deformation:** stress and strain, rock strength, resulting structures and landforms Earthquakes: causes, protection, seismic waves, Earth's crust, mantle, and core **Ocean floor:** submarine volcanoes, continental shelves, coral islands, hot spots **Plate tectonics:** what it is, continental drift, sea floor spreading, plate boundaries **Mountain building:** where and how mountains form, isostasy, cratons and shield areas Landslides: where and why they happen, consequences, classification and protection Streams: the water cycle, stream flow, erosion, transport, deposition, and landforms Groundwater: distribution, movement, wells, springs, geysers, caves, and pollution Glaciation: glacier movement, erosion, transport, deposition, landforms, and causes **Wind:** wind erosion, transport, deposition, desert weathering, and effects of water Coasts: waves, currents, beaches, landforms, shoreline erosion and protection **Resources**: sources, formation, and common uses of energy and mineral resources Laboratory: weekly lab exercises on minerals, rock types, strata, rock structures, maps

Scholastic offenses are taken seriously and students are directed to read the appropriate policy, specifically, the definition of what constitutes a Scholastic Offense, at the following Web site: <u>http://www.uwo.ca/univsec/handbook/appeals/scholastic_discipline_undergrad.pdf</u>

Accommodation for missed work worth less than 10% of the total course grade due to illness will not require medical documentation; instead, contact the professor and refer to the Policy on Accommodation for Medical Illness at https://studentservices.uwo.ca/secure/index.cfm

Please contact the professor if you require material in an alternate format, or any other arrangements to make this course more accessible to you. You may also wish to contact Services for Students with Disabilities (SSD) at 661-2111x82147 about an accommodation.